OFFICIAL REPORT.
George P. Rowell & Co., the leading authority on newspaper information, says: "THE FORT WAYNE SENTINEL, published at Fort Wayne, Ind., has the highest circulation rating accorded to any daily in Indiana, outside of Indianapolis.

The Fort Wayne Sentinel.

The Largest Circulation in the State, Outside of Indianapolis.

ESTABLISHED 1833. WEDNESDAY, JULY 18, 1894. PRICE TWO CENTS.

Shirt Waists.

It's a waste of comfort, Ladies to pass the summer without a Shirt Waist. You will find wastes in a desert, but you'll see the largest display of Waists, those summery things in every variety of light, airy and cool materials, in our Fresh, Bright and entirely new stock.

Cotton Dress Goods.

It isn't by a happen, so that our sales of Cotton Dress Goods are so much greater this season than ever before; trade laws don't work by chance. If qualities and quantities, if styles and prices—particularly the prices—were not right, it would have been impossible to have sold such a number as we have.

GEO. DeWALD & CO.

STRAW - HATS

Nearly Gone.

Those that are left

Go at COST.

Also Negligee Shirts

a good assortment

----AT COST----

WM. MEYER & BRO.

Rooms 5 and 7 Arcade.

A

Bargain

Window.

The Foster Furniture and Carpet Company have created quite a stir in this city by a new departure they have recently taken. They have set aside their new big show window on Clinton street to display only such goods as are being offered at about half price. They are sold only for cash. They are articles that have been purchased at receiver's sales of suspended furniture factories, being purchased for cash in very large lots, and sold by the Foster Furniture Company at a very slight advance. If you have anything in the furniture line to buy this summer here is a splendid opportunity to make your money go about twice as far as it usually does.

Foster Furniture and Carpet Company.

J. G. THIEME & SON.

Tailors.

Great Reduction

--IN OUR--

Tailoring

Department.

All $40, $38, $35, $30 Suits reduced to $20. All $28, $25 Suits reduced to $18.

Corner Columbia and Clinton Streets.

PRISONERS!

Debs, Howard, Rogers and Keliher.

All Four Locked Up Last Night.

They Refuse to Give Bonds of $3,000.

Howard Makes Sensational Charges Against the Managers.

Says the Cars in the Panhandle Yards Were Burned by Order of the Railway Officials.

CHICAGO, July 18.—Eugene V. Debs, George Howard, L. W. Rogers and Sylvester Keliher, officials of the railway union, were committed to jail yesterday by Judge Seaman, in the United States circuit court, for alleged violation issued by Judges Wood and Grosscup. The four leaders of the strike in reality went to jail in default of bail, for the court offered them liberty until Monday when they will have a hearing on the charge of contempt. Their bail was fixed at $3,000 each, but the men refused to give it, and the court committed them. Judge Seaman instructed the marshal to take them out of jail at any reasonable time or times, in order that they may have abundant opportunity to consult the attorneys between this and next Monday.

District Attorney Milchrist filed the information in the court charging the officers of the union with violating the injunction and asked for a writ of attachment for contempt. A telegram was produced in court, sent by Debs July 2, to North Butte, Mont. It read: 'General managers are weakening. If strike is not settled within forty-eight hours complete paralysis will follow. Potatoes and ice are out of sight. Save your money and buy a gun."

While seated in jail, awaiting preparation of their cell, Debs said: "Well, this means a few days of rest and quiet at least. I have not had much rest for over a month, and am badly in need of it. We would not give bond if they were five cents each. We are not posing as martyrs, neither do we ask for sympathy. All I have to say about our arrest today is that matters have come to that point in this free country when it is held to be a crime to advise a man what to do when he seeks your advice. We are not responsible for this strike. Pullman is responsible for it."

CHICAGO, July 18.—President Debs passed a fairly comfortable night at the jail and early today ordered a good breakfast from a neighboring hotel. Debs refused to be seen by an interviewer. He and his associates kept close in the seclusion of their cells.

Debs seems to enjoy jail life and so does George W. Howard, vice president; Sylvester Keliher, secretary, and T. W. Rogers, a director of the American Railway union, and all of them were smiling and in the best of spirits today after their first night's experience in the Cook county jail. A large party of the personal friends of the imprisoned strike leaders called early at the county jail, but the daily corridor scrubbing was in progress and no one was admitted for some time. President Debs sent word down to the waiting visitors that himself and friends had enjoyed a good night's rest and had nothing to say that would interest the public.

Before 11 o'clock Debs came down from his cell to meet his stenographer, who had arrived with a bundle of mail for him. The president was in good humor. "I had the best night's sleep I have had in a month or more," said he. "Nothing disturbed me, not even the ghost of that man who was hanged the other day, and whose spirit is said to be roaming about in here. I have absolutely nothing to add to what I have already said concerning our arrest. We are here and will stay here until next Monday, at least."

President Debs then fell to looking over his big batch of mail matter. Vice President Keliher came down from his cell into the debtor's department, and while awaiting his turn in the barber's chair said: "We are all enjoying this respite from the great strike."

HOWARD TALKS.

Accuses the General Managers of Responsibility for Car Burning.

CHICAGO, July 18.—At the county jail today Vice President Howard, of the American Railway union, made the following statement: "This thing is going to be a test case. We don't consider ourselves bigger than the law, and incidentally, we think the railroads are not. We are getting some evidence for the coming legal battle and we consider it a pretty fair grade. Here is a letter I have received, telling of evidence that most of the freight car burning here in Chicago was done by two men in the employ of the General Managers Association. One of the secret agents of a certain committee saw two men, on the night of a big fire, going through the yards with a hand car loaded with inflammable waste, which they lighted and systematically threw among the cars. This agent overheard a conversation between the men from which he gleaned that they were paid $200 down and were to receive $300 more when the job was done. This understand, was before the troops were called out. An effort is now being made to arrest these two men. We further have very positive evidence that the big man who led the mob of 5,000 at Blue Island was a Pinkerton man, employed by the railroads, and it is significant that although he could be easily identified, yet he has not been arrested. It is safe to say that this case will not be entirely one sided."

At Uhlich's hall, the American Railway union headquarters, a larger crowd was gathered today than for several days past. The arrest of the leaders was discussed by the excited groups that stood about the committee rooms and hallways and the action of the authorities was severely criticised. Several of the local organizers delivered short addresses and the usual claims that the strike is still on were heard.

CHICAGO, July 18.—The first break in the ranks of the Pullman strikers has occurred, 150 Hollanders having been put back to work on the tracks back of the Pullman foundry. The men quit work when the strike was declared and stayed out until now. No effort was made by the other strikers to prevent the men from going to work.

ATTORNEYS' CONFERENCE.

A conference between the attorneys for the imprisoned officers of the American Railway union was held today, at which it was decided to urge Debs and his associates to accept bail. More than sufficient bail has been offered. The lawyers present at the conference were Attorney Argo, of Iowa; W. W. Erwin and W. A. Shoemaker, of St. Paul, and S. S. Gregory and Clarence S. Darrow, of Chicago.

NEW MEN AT WORK.

TACOMA, Wash., July 18.—Three hundred and fifty-one new employes have been put to work on the Pacific division of the Northern Pacific since the strike began. Practically all the old engineers have returned to work. Many of the switchmen, conductors, freight clerks and some of the firemen who quit have filed applications for their positions, but not all could be taken back as new men had been engaged. The road would be in operation as usual from end to end, the officials say, but for the guerilla warfare that is being continued. The force of deputy marshals in this state has been reduced from 300 to 200. All bridges are being guarded, chiefly by regulars.

LOGAN, Ohio, July 18.—The Columbus, Hocking Valley and Toledo strike has been declared off, and all the men at this place returned to work this morning.

SOLDIERS LEAVE FOR THE WEST.

OMAHA, Neb., July 18.—Four companies of the Second United States infantry left Omaha at 1 o'clock this afternoon bound for Pocatello, Idaho, from which point they will be sent to Butte, Mont., for the purpose of opening the Union Pacific road, which is still blocked there by strikers. The batallion was under command of Captain Kelar.

TROOPS WILL NOT BE WITHDRAWN.

CHICAGO, July 18.—Mayor Hopkins denies a report that he has been taking steps to secure the removal of the federal troops from the city. He stated that he would not order the return of any of the militia today. Asked if he had consulted with General Miles as to the withdrawal of the troops, the mayor said: "No. General Miles has nothing to say about it. The department at Washington attends to that. A general may be a big man in a city like Chicago, but, like a congressman, he is not much in Washington."

WAGES RAISED.

CHICAGO, July 18.—The butchers continue to return to work at the stock yards. Among them is Vice President Hazard, of the Butchers' union. The sheep cutters at Armour's have received a raise of twenty-five cents a day in their wages, and four and one-half days' work a week has been guaranteed them. All of the houses were killing today.

HOLLOWAY CONFESSES.

Says Several Miners Helped Him Wreck the Train at Fontanet.

TERRE HAUTE, Ind., July 18.—Edward Holloway, under arrest here for wrecking the express train at Fontanet Thursday night, resulting in the death of Engineer Moohrman and Fireman Fleck, made a clean breast of the whole affair. He says there were seven or eight others in it besides himself. They were all miners. He does not know them. They broke the switch lock with a hammer and threw the switch an inch or two. When they saw the through passenger train tearing down the gully at the rate of forty miles an hour one of the men said: "Well, it does not make a bit of difference if a couple of them are killed."

PILGRIMS SAIL.

They Are Bound for Lourdes, Via. Florence and Rome.

NEW YORK, July 18.—A company of pilgrims bound for Lourdes sailed from this port today in two detachments, the Paris carrying 120 and the Noordeland sixty-seven of them. They have planned to visit en route Milan, Venice, Florence and Rome and in the latter city have been promised an audience with the pope, who will will bless the banner they take to Lourdes.

Plantz Nominated.

MONMOUTH, Ill., July 18.—Truman Plantz, of Hancock county, was nominated for congress by the democratic convention of the 15th district on the three hundredth ballot today.

Delightfully cool at Pompeii.

TARIFF CONFEREES

Cannot Even Agree to Disagree on Any Question.

They Were to Report Yesterday, Then Today and Now the Time is Extended Indefinitely.

WASHINGTON, July 18.—Speaker Crisp, who is back in the house after four days' absence, says there will be no report from the tariff conference committee today. It cannot be learned that any definite plan of action has been outlined by the house democratic leaders, yet it is evidently their impression that it might prove inexpedient to carry out the plan of reporting a total disagreement and asking for instructions. It was pointed out that such a report would only emphasize the character of the difference and that should the senate and house instruct their conferees to stand by their respective positions, it would precipitate a deadlock. The advice of the house leaders was, therefore, in line with that which a judge sometimes gives to a disagreeing jury—to go back and try again. This did away with the chance of a report of disagreement today. It is believed also that one of the results of the speaker's return was to stiffen the determination of the house conferees and to keep the contest in conference. It was stated, however, that with the conference in session the situation might change at any moment, and one of Mr. Crisp's closest advisors said the report would probably come in tomorrow. It has been developed also that a difference exists as to the scope of the report of disagreement. The house conferees desire to make a partial report of such agreements as are possible, and ask for instructions on the items subject to disagreement. The senate conferees have stood for an agreement in toto or a disagreement in toto. This has made it impossible for the house conferees to get before the house such special questions of disagreement as they desired instructions upon. The democratic conferees held a brief session today and adjourned before 12 o'clock. They made another effort to reach an agreement, but it proved ineffectual and the meeting adjourned with the understanding that the full conference of the committee, which is to begin at 2 o'clock, would report a disagreement. The republican members of the committee will make no opposition to this course.

One of the house conferees explained the plan of procedure as outlined at a meeting of the democratic conferees held early in the day, as follows: "The report will be a disagreement in toto. It will be very brief and will not go into any details as to what questions the senate and house might have come together on. The report is expected to be the first business taken up by the house when it assembles tomorrow at noon. This, of course, cannot be made certain until the republican conferees give their assent. It is in their power to cause delay, but such action is not anticipated." Beyond the point of making the brief report disagreement in toto the conferees prefers not to know what the house or senate will do. One of the house conferees said that the three items of sugar, iron ore and coal were the points that had forced the total disagreement. Woolens, cottons, lead ore and some other things had been open to difference, yet it was hoped that these could have been reconciled, said the conferee, if sugar, coal and iron ore had not stood in the way.

REPORT A DISAGREEMENT.

2:25 P. M.—The tariff conferees decided, after a fifteen minutes' session of the full conference this afternoon, to report a disagreement and the disagreement should be on the entire bill.

INDIANA FEDERATION MEETS.

Resolutions Adopted Indorsing Debs and Asking Him to Run for Governor.

PERU, Ind., July 18.—The State Federation of Trade and Labor unions began its tenth annual session here with good representation in attendance. President Joseph F. Suchanek, South Bend, presided. Addresses of welcome were delivered by Judge J. T. Cox and Schuyler Miller, to which President Suchanek responded. Yesterday afternoon officers' reports were read and resolutions were presented and referred to proper committees. Among the resolutions was an indorsement of Debs and the request that he make the race for governor of Indiana. This was greeted by cheers. Other resolutions were for making The Workman, of Indianapolis, the official organ; recommending arbitration, favoring government control of railroads and mines, favoring a general wage scale, a $10,000 appropriation by the state for lectures, and many others.

NEW TELESCOPE.

One Which Has Just Been Completed at Cleveland.

CLEVELAND, Ohio, July 18.—A new astronomical instrument termed a sextuple photographic telescope, has just been completed by Wagner & Swasis, of this city, and is to be shipped to New Haven, Conn. It will be placed in one of the Yale observatories, and though intended for general astronomical photography, will begin its picture taking with the appearance of the August meteoric displays. In certain respects it stands unique among photographic telescopes and may revolutionize the present system. It has six cameras, instead of one, and together they cover a field in the sky equal to that which would be occupied by 2400 full moons. By its use on the meteors the astronomers of Yale expect to develop new facts relating to their height. They will place single telescopes at distances of two miles from the sextuple instrument and, by means of electrical connections, will photograph simultaneously. The plates will then be compared and calculations will be made with a view to establishing the height of meteors.

A PROPER CAPER.

Mrs. Meagher Shoots Her Brutal Father.

The Old Man Kicked and Pounded His Wife Until She Is Near Death's Door.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., July 18.—Mrs. T. F. Meagher, thirty-two years old, shot and killed her father, John Aschbacker, today at 10:15 o'clock, at No. 1425 Washington street. Mrs. Meagher fired three shots at Aschbacker, only one of which took effect. The ball entered Aschbacker's heart and he died instantly. Aschbacker was abusing his wife when shot by his daughter. He had beaten and kicked her in an unmerciful manner. Mrs. Aschbacker is now in bed and said to be dying from a kick in the stomach inflicted by the brutal husband. After the murder Mrs. Meagher drove to the jail with her husband and delivered herself up to the authorities.

WINS THE BIG PRIZE.

Dancourt Captures the Horseman's Stake at Detroit.

DETROIT, July 18.—Few days were better suited for a great racing event than yesterday. The sun shone forth with a summer tinge, a hazy mist was in the air and it was a Derby day crowd that wended its way to Grosse Point track to witness the greatest event in trotting horse history, as the largest amount ever contested for was to be divided after a racing battle that would be for blood.

There were ten starters in the big stake. Silicon brought $50; Margrave, $40; Dancourt, $25; Nemoline, $20; Wistful, $20, and the field of five went at $20. The race was for foals of 1891. Many of the starters had won their brackets as two and three-year-olds, while Margrave began prominently as a yearling. In the initial heat Silicon and Dancourt went to the lead at the word and like a double team they circled the track, with Margrave third. Hickok called on the daughter of Wilton and Maloney on Ambassador's son at the distance, but it was nose and nose to the wire, with Dancourt first by a fraction. Silicon made a brave fight in every heat but one, but she showed clearly that let-up on account of lameness. She was not the Silicon of 1892. Dancourt went for every heat but one and he showed game to the core, while Margrave, in Dickerson's hands, was handled well but lacked speed. Nemoline at one time looked a sure winner with her two heats. Wide drives on the turns proved a factor towards her defeat. Dancourt's best time in the three heats won was 2:17½.

SURRENDERED BY BONDSMEN.

Alleged Effort to Get Witnesses Against Winfred Smith to Disappear.

INDIANAPOLIS, July 18.—The friends of Winfred Smith, who murdered Weston Thomas at Brighton Beach, have been working among the state's witnesses since they were before the coroner, and the prosecution has come into possession of facts which leave no doubt that an attempt would be made to have them leave the state in order to prevent their testifying against him. This belief became so strong that the bondsmen of the witnesses came into court and surrendered them. Barkeeper Hunt was able to give new bondsmen, but Piano Player Suss and Daniel Lynch went to jail in default of bail.

It is understood that Smith's friends have been talking to the witnesses, begging them not to be on hand and using arguments to prevent them from remaining here until the case is called for trial. As the men have no ties to bind them to this city their bondsmen determined to take no risks, especially as all the indications pointed to a systematic effort to get them out of the jurisdiction of the court.

HUNG HERSELF

Because She Was Kept From School to Care for the Babies.

BRADSHAW, W. Va., July 18.—Nellie Kenne, a nine-year-old child, hung herself because she had been kept home from school by her mother to care for two babies. She was dead when found.

Farmers Seeking Rainmakers.

TURNER, Ill., July 18.—The farmers of Du Page county have become desperate at the failure of rain and have opened negotiations with Morris Brothers, rainmakers, to come here and see what they can do to break the drought. Many fires have started and vast grain fields are being reduced to charred masses of cinders. Cattle are also suffering badly, as pastures are burned up.

Earthquake at St. Louis.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., July 18.—A slight shock of a supposed earthquake was felt in this vicinity about 7:10 a. m. today. The shock was not so noticeable in the city proper, but in the suburbs houses were so shaken that pictures rattled on the walls, chairs rocked and dishes on tables moved. In no case so far reported was the shock sufficient to do even indirect damage.

Dan Calahan and Isaac Kinney, of Decatur, Ind., were the guests of honor at a street car party given last evening by the Bismark Base Ball club.

Pompeii Thurs. and Sat.

DECLARED OFF.

The Great Strike of the National Tube Works.

Over 5,000 Workmen Will Take Up Industrial Life Where They Left Off Nine Weeks Ago.

PITTSBURG, Pa., July 18.—After nine weeks' of idleness, the 5,000 strikers at the National Tube works, McKeesport, met today and declared the strike off. The plant partially resumed on Monday under the guard of 300 deputies and about 500 men were at work today. A general resumption will take place in a few days.

STRANGE FREAKS OF A HORSE.

Climbs Stairs, Cleans Out a Saloon and Eats Glass.

MILWAUKEE, July 18.—A south side horse distinguished himself yesterday by climbing stairs, jumping out of windows and eating glass, after which he was killed. He had the blind staggers or something worse. The animal got out of a Mineral street livery stable at an early hour and the first thing he did was to climb up the stairs leading to the hay room and granary on the second floor of the barn. He was nearly to the top when he saw a window and he promptly threw himself out and landed on a light delivery wagon. His weight crushed one side of the wagon and let the horse roll out. By this time the horse had become almost blind and it stumbled up an alley until Grove street was reached. Here the animal proceeded to make a tour around Richard Besch's saloon. It found a window and stopped to demolish it. He broke part of it with his head and then began to chew the rest of the sash and glass. Next he found a cellarway and he fell into this, but managed to extricate himself just as the night watchman arrived. The officer tried to drive him out of the yard, but the horse continued on its course around the house until it again reached the alley. Here its bruised head collided with a brick wall. The horse reached Grove street once more and headed straight for the plate windows in W. T. Lochme's drug store. The horse struck one of the iron pillars but the pressure on the glass was not sufficient to break it. The animal then reaching a door between the drug store and Simon Shafer's saloon, started up the stairs and got along first rate until about half way up the landing, when he found the steps too slippery and rolled back. He was making a second attempt when Mr. Shafer and some neighbors reached the foot of the stairs. A rope was got around the horse and he was pulled down. At the bottom of the landing the horse's legs stiffened and all efforts to get him out into the street were unavailing. The animal was in great agony, so one of the men from the livery stable ended its sufferings by getting an ax and hitting it on the head.

READY FOR THE BAPTISTS.

Local Committee Has Made Arrangements for Six Thousand Delegates.

TORONTO, July 18.—Extensive preparations have been made for the reception of the delegates to the Baptist convention, which will open in this city tomorrow. The local committee has made arrangements for 6,000 delegates. An entire house has been rented on Front street west, which, from cellar to garret will be placed at the disposal of the delegates as headquarters. Telephone and telegraph wires have been laid and a number of young people have volunteered their services as attendants. This building will afford office accommodation for the representatives of the several states and provinces. Other headquarters will be opened at the Walker house, and the lecture rooms of the several Baptist churches where the sections will meet have been connected with the central telephone and telegraph services. The chief meetings will be held in the Massey hall, a building recently erected, capable of holding 1,300 persons.

Tomorrow Mayor Kennedy, representing the city, will give the delegates a personal welcome. Addresses of welcome will also be delivered by the local Baptist association, by the Baptist churches and by the Baptist Young People's societies.

ROBBED THE CAPTAIN.

Two Sailors Arrested on That Charge at Port Townsend.

PORT TOWNSEND, Wash., July 18.—Two sailors belonging to the schooner Achilles were arrested here by a deputy United States marshal from Alaska, charged with robbing Captain Bartles of $600 while the latter was in jail at Sitka for attempting to break into the government prison to release a Russian woman. Captain Bartles sent eight men on board the schooner at Sitka to get the money to be deposited as bail. They secured the money, stole a boat and escaped down the coast. The officers came down and awaited their arrival. The boat and a portion of the money was recovered.

BOAT CAPSIZED.

Three Men Are Drowned at Port Angeles.

PORT ANGELES, Wash., July 18.—In a drowning accident near here J. H. Johnson, August Nelson and John Dippold lost their lives. The three left yesterday afternoon in a fishing boat for Dungeness spit, four miles east of the city. Their boat capsized in view of people on the beach who heard their cries for help, but having no boats could render no assistance. Rescuing parties started out soon afterwards. Eight miles east of this point Nelson was seen on the upturned bottom of a boat five hundred feet from shore trying to paddle to the beach. On perceiving the rescuing party he sprang into the water and was drowned before their eyes.

IN HIS BARE FEET.

Queer Candidate for Congress in Kansas.

Hugh Cameron Will Make His Campaign Without Shoes and Ride His Old Faithful Mule.

TOPEKA, Kan., July 17.—Kansas has produced the most unique character as a candidate for office to be found in any state in the union. This man, Hugh Cameron, one of the most picturesque figures in Kansas since the days of Jim Lane, announces his candidacy for congress in the congressional district, subject to the will of no convention, but to the people when they shall go into the Australian booth to cast their votes. He declares that he is neither a republican, democrat nor populist, but that he proposes to go to the homes of all the voters and convince them that it will be to their interest to send him to congress.

His plan of campaign will be as novel and peculiar as have been his habits of life for the past third of a century. With his old and faithful mule that has been his friend and companion for more than fifteen years he intends to penetrate every neighborhood in the nine counties in the district and appeal to the citizens to cast off the party yoke and vote for their best interests. Until forced to do so by the early frosts he will wear no shoes, holding to his established custom of going barefooted during the summer months.

Hugh Cameron is the most eccentric character that Kansas ever produced. His home is three miles northwest of Lawrence, on the banks of the Kaw river, at what is known as Cameron Bluff. He is at once a scholar, a soldier, a vegetarian, a celibate, a whilom statesman and withal a hermit. Little is known in Kansas of his history, although he has lived in his unique cabin at Cameron Bluff since the early territorial days. He lived a quiet, secluded life on his farm and took but little part in the stirring events of the time. He entered the war as a captain in the Second Kansas volunteer cavalry and came out a lieutenant colonel and brevet brigadier general. Every winter he makes a pilgrimage to Washington to look in upon congress, but with this exception he never leaves his home save to buy supplies. Cameron comes from good Pennsylvania stock and is said to have taken to his hermit life because he was jilted by a maiden who had promised to wed him.

TORCH AND BOMB.

Dastardly Deeds of Rioters in the Cherokee Strip.

They Burn a Bridge on the Rock Island Road and Commit Other Outrages.

NORTH ENID, O. T., July 18.—The war of the torch and the bomb along the line of the Rock Island road in the Cherokee strip continues, the burning of the ninety-foot bridge one mile north of Waukomis station shortly after midnight last night being the latest outrage. The bridge was burned just after the passage of a passenger train going south and was completely destroyed. The passenger trains were transferred to the burning bridge today. The railroad company has abandoned freight traffic. Another company of United States troops from Fort Leavenworth will arrive here this evening. Mayor Franke, of Pond Creek, has received this message from Acting Governor Lowe in reply to his request for territorial and federal aid to enforce the city ordinance regarding the stoppage of trains next Saturday: "I requested the Rock Island railroad company and its attorneys and president to obey your ordinances through our request. I think an application for a mandamus to compel the company to stop in accordance with your ordinance would be granted."

NATIONAL UNION IN SESSION.

Thirteenth Annual Meeting of the Supreme Body.

CHATTANOOGA, Tenn., July 18.—The thirteenth annual session of the supreme body of the National Union opened yesterday on Lookout Mountain with 500 people present. The senate proper of sixty-five senators, fashioned on the plan of that branch of the national government, showed but five absentees, while many ladies swelled the number of visitors. Addresses of welcome were made by Mayor Ochs, president of the chamber of commerce, Trustee Bates, of Chattanooga council, and State Senator Morrow, of Nashville, and were replied to by the members. To the address of welcome from Chattanooga council, Leo Canman, of Chicago, made a witty rejoinder.

Four days will be occupied by the session. The ball at Lookout Inn this evening, given in honor of visiting senators and their ladies, will be a memorable social event. A boat excursion on the Tennessee and visits to neighboring battle fields will be in the program. A strong effort is working to make the several offices permanent during faithful conduct. President H. T. Bryan, of Washington city, presides.

Bessie Switzer, aged eight months, died at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs John Switzer, on Romsey avenue. Funeral tomorrow afternoon.

ONE MORE UNFORTUNATE

Officer Paul Repudiates the Action of Warsaw Officials.

Officer Vichon Finds a Waif and Later the Little One Gets a Good Home.

Last night, when No. 38 came in over the Pennsylvania road from Warsaw, a neatly but plainly dressed young woman, carrying a large satchel and an umbrella, stepped off the train. Officer Paul noticed her and saw her go in the direction of Calhoun street. A few moments later he walked over near the Calhoun street crossing and found that the young woman had stopped Officer Dixon and asked to be taken to some point where she could be taken care of as she was about to be confined. The woman said she had no money and had been shipped here by the Warsaw authorities. She refused to give her name but said she was married. Officer Paul told her that there was no place in Fort Wayne where she could stay, but said he would see Trustee Brackenridge. This he did, and receiving a ticket sent the woman back to Warsaw on an early train. While in the waiting room she cried piteously. She claimed to have a sister in Warsaw. The action of the Kosciusko county authorities in sending the unfortunate young lady to this city to be confined is contemptible and inhumane.

FOUND A BABY.

This morning at 2:30 o'clock Officer Vachon heard a strange noise in the yard at 53 Charles street, and on entering found a basket containing a boy baby a few day old. The baby was a healthy appearing child and the clothes and wrappings were of the best material. In the basket was a note addressed to Mr. and Mrs. Altenau asking that they take care of the infant. In the note was a $10 bill and the assurance that more money would be forthcoming providing the newspapers did not get the story. The officers wakened the family but they refused to take charge of the little one and it was taken to the station, where the police took good care of it. This morning, early, Mrs. Altenau went to the station house and asked for the little waif, saying that she and her husband had changed their minds and would raise the child. In a short time there were three other applicants for the baby.

SEEK TO AVOID TAXATION.

Goulds Swear They Are No Longer Residents of New York City.

NEW YORK, July 18.—The children of the late Jay Gould, individually and as executors and trustees under his will, have begun proceedings in the supreme court to be relieved of taxation in this city and state upon their personal estates. They threatened to move their property away last year, when, as they claimed, an exorbitant tax was imposed upon their father's estate. They contend now that they have carried out their expressed intention, and that none of them are residents of this city or have their places of business here. They therefore claim that they cannot be legally taxed upon their personal property. They complain, however, that unjust assessments have been made upon their property, and have secured from Justice Andrews, in the supreme court, writs of certiorari to recover the assessments made by the commissioners of taxes and assessments.

George J., Edwin, Helen M. and Howard Gould, the executors under the will of their father, state that the personal property of the estate has been taxed on $10,000,000. They declare that there is none of the personal property of the estate in this city subject to taxation, and that their office has been located since October last in Tarrytown, where the estate is taxed.

George J. Gould says that he is taxed this year on a valuation of personal property of $400,000, notwithstanding the fact that he lives at Lakewood and is taxed there. He denies that he is a resident of this city. Howard Gould, Helen M. Gould and Edwin Gould say that they are taxed on their personal property at a valuation of $100,000 each, though they live in Tarrytown and have no taxable property here.

RIOTING LONGSHOREMEN

Attack and Brutally Assault Non-Union Men.

OSWEGO, N. Y., July 18.—Rioting longshoremen entered the houses of James Sexsmith and Isaac Densmore, non-union men, during the night, and brutally assaulted them. Sexsmith's wife came to her husbands assistance and was also beaten. The longshoremen then stood around the non-union men's houses and threatened to hang them if they should unload barges today. The militia are now occupying the boats surrounding the company's property, preventing the longshoremen from approaching the non-union men. The Forty-first separate company, of Syracuse, is expected here soon to aid the Oswego militia in preserving the peace.

DISORDERLY MOBS

Need More Watching Than the Indians.

DENVER, Col., July 18.—General McCook is heartily in favor of General Schofield's policy of concentrating the federal troops at posts in the vicinity of the large cities. He believes that a larger garrison should be kept at Fort Logan, near this city. "Disorderly mobs in big cities," said the general today, "have shown themselves to be more savage than the Apache Indians, and they will from now on be more severely dealt with. In this department, however, perhaps more than any other, the necessity of a few scattered garrisons still remains. Arizona and New Mexico are still full of Indians."

THREATENED TIE UP.

Saloon Men Forcing the Sunday Closing to an Issue.

Druggists, Fruit Sellers and Everybody Engaged in Business on the Sabbath to Be Arrested.

This morning at police court Mayor Oakley dismissed the cases against Frank Brucker, ex-Officer Trammel and the other men arrested for Sabbath desecration at Centlivre park. Brucker and Trammel left the police court with blood in their eyes and thirst for revenge. Brucker claims he was merely at the picnic with his wife enjoying the day as were many others, when he was placed under arrest. He says he sold nothing and can't see why the officers should take their spite out on him.

Young Feustel and the other three boys who were sent to jail were all released on bail but they, too, are wild for revenge. They say that on next Sunday they intend taking a horse and buggy and going about the city and securing the names of every cigar dealer, every fruit seller, every druggist and, in fact, everybody who is engaged in selling anything on the Sabbath. On Monday affidavits will be sworn out against those whose names have been taken.

The young men say they would not object to seeing the beer sellers arrested but so far as they were concerned they were merely selling candy and soda pop and endeavoring to make an honest dollar.

POMPEII'S SPLENDOR.

Another Grand Presentation at Lakeside Park.

The season for the exhibition of the "Last Day's of Pompeii" in Fort Wayne is nearly over and only a few more opportunities will be given citizens and visitors from other cities to witness the wonderfully beautiful historical pageant and vivid illustration of the world's great calamity.

The grand exhibition is the finest ever given this city and the fire works display is gorgeous and alone worth the price of admission.

While many go again and again, never failing each time to discover some new fascination, there are hundreds in Fort Wayne who have yet to see the production, and all such should not delay in visiting Lakeside.

Entertainments are to be given Toursday and Saturday evenings of this week, each performance having special fireworks features, and each being complete and gigantic in itself.

The Thursday evening performance is being dedicated to the Knights of Pythias, and a large fireworks emblem of the order will be presented. Several new designs are announced, two beautiful swans of fire gracefully floating upon the lake, Chinese umbrellas ascending and descending with showers of golden sparks, Aladdin's jeweled tree transformation, twin fiery Phoenix, and scores of the fire fish, magical fountains, etc. Large excursions are expected on the Lake Erie and Western, Lake Shore, Wabash west, and Grand Rapids and Indiana north.

DECISION AGAINST THE WABASH.

Equipment Bonds Purchased by Adelbert College Must Be Redeemed.

TOLEDO, Ohio, July 18.—Judge Pugsley, of the common pleas court, today rendered a decision for the plaintiffs in the case of the trustees of Adelbert college, William Redmond and others, against the Wabash Railroad company, entering a decree for $244,500 with interest from May 1, 1879. This suit is the outcome of an issue of $600,000 equipment bonds, which was put on the market by the Wabash company in 1882. The company defaulted in interest in 1875 and the suit decided today has been pending since 1883. It was removed to the United States court by the defendant company, and was only remanded to the common pleas court after years of litigation, finally culminating in an order from the United States supreme court. According to Judge Pugsley's opinion all interest coupons maturing between the years 1875 and 1879 are barred by the statute of limitation. The principal of the bonds became due on May 1, 1893. The supreme court of Ohio ruled against the railroad on a similar suit instituted by James Compton.

PROVIDES FOR EIGHT HOURS.

Senator George Introduces a Resolution to Amend the Constitution.

WASHINGTON, July 18.—Senator George has introduced a joint resolution for an amendment to the constitution, providing that eight hours shall constitute a legal day's work for persons doing manual labor. The proposed amendment specifies that "no person or association engaged in mining, manufacturing or in any other mechanical pursuit or public work, or in transportation other than water craft, shall require or permit any employe doing manual labor to work more than forty-eight hours in one week, except in cases of emergency prescribed by law. Persons voluntarily and lawfully engaged in any of the above pursuits shall not be unlawfully hindered or obstructed."

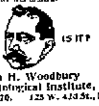
Rifle Contest.

LONDON, July 18.—In the queen's rifle contest at Bisley camp, the bronze medal for the first stage was won by Corporal Bailey, of England, with a score of ninety-seven. Of the Canadian team, Bell with seventy-seven, made the highest score.

J. D. Williams expert Accountant, office: 63 East Main street.

A Little "Beauty" Book

WHO IS IT?



John H. Woodbury Dermatological Institute, 125 W. 42d St., N.Y. Established 1870.

BUSINESS DIRECTORY

INSURANCE.

JAMES E. GRAHAM, Attorney at Law. Abstractor of Titles. Insurance, Real Estate, Loan, Collections. Rental Agent. Room 8 Bank Block.—Fort Wayne, Ind.

S. C. LUMBARD, Insurance, Real Estate and Loans. Aveline House Block.

D. C. FISHER, Insurance, Real Estate, Loans. No. 21 East Berry Street. Fort Wayne, Indiana.

BANKS.

HAMILTON NATIONAL BANK. Capital $200,000. Surplus $85,000. The Hamilton National Bank will pay interest ...

FIRST NATIONAL BANK. ...

White National Bank Capital & Surplus, $320,000. Pays 3 per cent interest per annum on time deposits. Safe deposit boxes for rent at $5 per annum.

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A. D. ORDWAY, ARCHITECT - AND - SUPERINTENDENT, Office: 12 & 13 Schmidt Block. Fort Wayne, Indiana.

PHYSICIANS.

ROSE F. LIPES, M. D., ... Office, rooms 21 & 22 Pixley-Long Block. Hours—9-11 a.m., 1-4 p.m., 7-8 p.m.

DR. ALBERT E. BULSON, JR. Practice Limited to EYE and EAR. ... Telephone 63.

G. W. BOWEN, M. D., Homoeopathic Physician and Surgeon. ...

DR. S. H. HAVICE, Diseases of the Nose and Throat. Office Hours ... Phone No. 86.

DR. B. G. ... ladies suffering from ...

DR. JOHN SEATON—EYE AND EAR. ...

J. C. MILLER, M. D., Physician and Surgeon. Rooms 38 and 39 Pixley Long Block. I will give prompt attention to all business ... Fort Wayne, Indiana.

DRUGGIST.

GROSS & PELLENS, DRUGGISTS. Corner Calhoun and Wayne Sts. Phone 186.

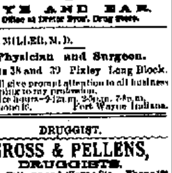
UNDERTAKERS & EMBALMERS.

KEELIE & BLOOM, Undertakers and Embalmers. Telephone No. 383. 121 Calhoun Street.

CLEANING CLOTHING.

NEW! NEW! NEW! Latest out. Clothing cleaned by electricity. The only house in the United States that has it. This invention saves clothes and also gives better satisfaction than the old style of cleaning. At Gust Schubert's, 63 East Main street. jul9-1m

ELY'S Cream Balm ...



HAY-FEVER ... 56 Warren St., New York.

HUMANE SOCIETY NOTICE. All parties having knowledge of acts of cruelty to animals or children will greatly aid the Humane Society ... Telephone ...

J. M. E. RIEDEL, ARCHITECT. SCHMITZ BLOCK, 3d Floor.

E. KRAMER, SIGN - PAINTER 90 E. MAIN STREET. Finest and Best Work. Cheapest place in the city.

BUSTINE THE SAFE AND EFFECTUAL DEVELOPER FOR THE ARMS, NECK, BUST. RAPID AND RELIABLE. ... STANDARD MEDICAL CO., ... Summit St., Toledo, O. LADY AGENTS WANTED.

The Evening Sentinel.

BY E. A. K. HACKETT.

WEDNESDAY, JULY 18, 1894.

Democratic County Ticket.

State Senator—Thomas E. Ellison.
State Representatives—Louis J. Bobilya, George V. Kell, Charles Dalman.
Judge of Superior Court—C. M. Dawson.
Judge of Circuit Court—E. O'Rourke.
Prosecuting Attorney—N. D. Doughman.
Clerk of Courts—Harry M. Metzgar.
Auditor—...
Recorder—W. A. Rockenberger.
Treasurer—L. C. Hunter.
Sheriff—Edward Clausmeier.
Coroner—Dr. M. Hubbard.
Surveyor—Chas. W. Brubenstatter.
Commissioners—J. H. Stellhorn, M. A. Ferguson, Sylvanus Baker.

TONIGHT.

PRAYER MEETINGS—At different city churches.
LAWN SOCIAL—Degree of Honor, No. 2, at home of Mrs. C. M. Comparet.
TRADES' UNIONS—Plasterers; Boilermakers.
LODGES—A. O. U. W., No. 50; Red Men; Knights of the Golden Eagle; Concordia lodge No. 228, I. O. O. F.; P. O. S. of A.

Our Police Force.

Growing out of the fact that no policeman was on the spot when a brutal assault was made, during the day time, on Conductor Mulchaey at the court house square, right in the heart of the city, comes the comment from many sources that the police force should be increased in Fort Wayne, because there are too few patrolmen now on duty to properly protect the city against the acts of bad men. This may or may not be the fact, but even if there were twice the number of policemen that there are now, assaults could be made on citizens and other crimes committed without there being a policeman in sight to make an arrest. A policeman can be at only one place at a time, and if the beat he had to cover was only half as large as it is now, a crime could be committed in one part of his district while he was at another point. Our city has five policemen on duty during the day and nineteen at night. Without discussing the question now whether this number is or is not sufficient, we may say that our police force should be composed of men who are true and tried and who are always on the alert for duty and quick to respond.

Anarchists Under Surveillance.

Most of the governments of Europe have united in a sort of co-operative system of police surveillance over anarchists, the effect of which will be not only to keep these uneasy spirits under close watch, but to cause them continually to "move on." When an anarchist finds himself restrained from murder and arson by the activity of the police at Berlin and decides to move on to Paris the Paris police will be notified, and they will make it so uncomfortable for him that he will want to go somewhere else. He will soon exhaust the hospitality of the continent, and will naturally seek safety in England.

England has always been the asylum of political criminals; but these people have placed themselves outside the lines of political offenders and have made themselves outlaws everywhere. While the English government probably will not bind itself by any fresh engagements for the suppression of the anarchists, it is safe to assume that it will be not less vigilant than the others, and that daggers and dynamite will find no asylum in London. Where will the anarchists go then?

Naturally, they come to the United States. Though there is not a very good field for their doctrine here, it is already not without supporters among Europeans of recent arrival and certain hair-brained agitators whose American education has been neglected, and there are so few limitations upon freedom of speech and action in this country that it may seem an inviting refuge for the anarchist. We must be prepared for this kind of immigration, and it would not be amiss to require that every European coming to the United States should bring a clean bill of health, not only from the sanitary authorities, but especially from the police authorities of his latest residence. If this should be not satisfactory he should be sent back at once.

Pullman Has a Chance.

It is stated that the striking employes of the Pullman company are about to surrender, and at the reduced wages against which they rebelled two months ago. There has been more or less distress at Pullman ever since the trouble began and many hardships and privations have been experienced by women and children who have been innocent sufferers from the strike. At the present time hundreds of families are expecting the constable, and live in momentary fear of eviction. They are too poor to move. They have used up all of their earnings, and are reduced to the point of beggary. They would have suffered hunger days ago had it not been for the charitable interposition of the people of Chicago.

Conceding all that Mr. Pullman has said about the profits of his business to be true, the company is still under a moral obligation to its workingmen, which, though not compulsory through the operation of the law, is nevertheless binding in the eyes of the public, and that is lenient treatment of the strikers who acknowledge defeat and who desire to be reinstated. There is no doubt whatever that the Pullman company would be the gainers in a large sense by the exercise of such a policy. By following that line of action they would not only placate their men, but they would invite the approval of popular sentiment. It must be remembered that the sympathies of the people were largely with the Pullman strikers at the outset, and it must also be borne in mind that the latter were not directly responsible for the boycott which has inflicted so much damage upon the country. That came about as an incidental result, but Mr. Debs, and not the workmen at Pullman, was responsible for the railroad tie up.

The Pullman company claims that it is not making any money now. That may be true. But it is well known that its works have been operated at an enormous profit in the past, that the corporation is rich; that it has levied a heavy tax on the traveling public; and that it is abundantly able to treat its men with that humanity and forbearance which their severe straits invite. One of the lessons of the strike has been a vindication of the vested rights of capital. The latter can now well afford to manifest toward labor some of that tolerance and consideration which the Pullman company has been accused—justly or unjustly—of withholding from its employes.

Veneering.

It was Gail Hamilton who said that civilized people were like an onion—peel them off, and as layer after layer is removed you find at heart the primitive savage. Some people have no more than just one thin coat of civilization. "Scratch a Russian, and you will find a Tartar" is an old saying. Crack the veneering of civilization which constitutes society politeness, and you will find underneath the uncontrolled animal who is looking out for himself and letting the fiend take everybody else.

Look at a party on a pleasure tour in a railway train. They may be the cream of refinement and politeness, the quintessence of grace and courtesy in manner. They may be chatting in the sweetest, merriest way. Let the dining car steward put his head in the door and announce dinner. Instantly the layers slip off every one of the human onions. Each man makes a dive to outstrip his neighbor and get the first and best seat. If another shoots in ahead of him in this rush to the feed trough, he glares at him as at his worst enemy, though a second before you would have thought them the dearest friends. There may be and usually is abundance of food to go around, and at worst it is only half an hour's waiting. But the exquisite gentleman is transformed for the time into a ravening monster. The man who gets left has for a brief flash something very like murder in his heart.

If carriages are provided for the party, there is not even a pretense of assuming the veneering. A rush, a jostle and a jump, without so much as "I beg your pardon." Every gentleman and lady of them makes a scramble for the best places, for all the world—shall we say it?—yes, come to think, we will—for all the world like cattle at a drinking trough on a hot day. Like cattle at a drinking trough, too, the weakest and slowest get left.

The immediate animal wants being satisfied, the stomachs being filled or good seats in the carriage once obtained, it is truly astonishing how quick the veneering slips on again. The animal becomes once more the gentleman, with the manners of a Chevalier Bayard, when good manners are no longer especially called for. The minute it is no longer of any consequence every man becomes at once solicitous for his neighbor's welfare.

The New Order, published at Chicago in the interests of co-operation, has a good story of how the sweating process was abolished in their trade by the cabinet makers of the Italian city of Milan. Without making any noise about their plan they established a business of their own on the co-operative basis. A union of 400 members was formed, cabinet makers from the adjoining villages being taken into it. They subscribed for shares at $10 apiece. With this and an advance in cash made to them by a bank, they began business. They started a shop and also their own warehouse for the sale of goods. Two rules were insisted on: Cash must be paid on the spot for everything, and only the best quality of work must be turned out. When a piece of work was finished, it was stored in the warehouse. Enterprising agents had made the cooperative establishment known, and there was no lack of orders. Workmen were paid the price at which the article was sold, deducting expenses. In this way more than 50 per cent profit was realized, and this went into the pockets of the men who made the goods. Their work at once gained an excellent reputation. What the cabinet makers of Milan did, any workmen in any trade elsewhere can do.

Miss Painter, a young schoolteacher in West Chester, Pa., gave two tramps something that was in the nature of surprise not long since. She was walking home alone when the fellows attacked this—as they supposed—weak and defenseless woman. Miss Painter whipped out a revolver instantly and gave it to them, bang, bang! She proved that even if a woman cannot throw a stone she can fire a pistol. One of the wretches was hit and wounded, and the other took to his heels and fled with all speed. He did not wait to see whether his brother tramp was killed or not, which was certainly mean, even in a tramp.

It has been discovered that metals become tired exactly as muscles do, and that rest renews their strength. In a constant strain the molecules of a metal are pulled apart from one another. If the strain is continued, they separate altogether, and the piece of metal breaks. But if after a strain which has not reached the breaking point the piece of metal is put aside and allowed to rest attraction overcomes the strain, and the particles draw together again. The metal becomes as strong before as after a rest.

One of the bills hastily put before the house of representatives after the effects of the Pullman strike began to be manifest provides that hereafter railway companies must own or at least control the sleeping cars attached to their trains.

When you are out of work, take the first thing that offers and do it the best you know how to. It may lead you to fortune.

Simmons Liver Regulator

Is simple and harmless, and yet has proven itself a sovereign remedy for dyspepsia, costiveness, sick headache, billious colic, sour stomach diarrhoea, biliousness and other like evils of a disordered liver and stomach.

Subject to Pain in the Stomach.

Elder S. S. Beaver, of McAllisterville, Juniata Co., Pa., says his wife is subject to cramp in the stomach. Last summer she tried Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy for it, and was much pleased with the relief it afforded. She has since used it whenever necessary and found that it never fails. For sale by druggists.

Have your Sights and Scenes of the World bound at The Sentinel office. tf

NOW I LAY ME DOWN TO SLEEP.

The fire upon the hearth is low,
And there is stillness everywhere.
Like troubled spirits here and there,
The firelight shadows fluttering go.
And as the shadows round me creep
A childish treble breaks the gloom,
And softly from a farther room
Comes: "Now I lay me down to sleep."

And somehow with that little prayer
And that sweet treble in my ears
My thought goes back to distant years
And lingers with a dear one there,
And as I hear the child's amen
My mother's faith comes back to me.
Couched at her side I seem to be,
And mother holds my hands again.

Oh, for an hour in that dear place!
Oh, for the peace of that dear time!
Oh, for that childish trust sublime!
Oh, for a glimpse of mother's face!
Yet as the shadows round me creep
I do not seem to be alone.
Sweet magic of that treble tone—
And "Now I lay me down to sleep."
—Eugene Field in Chicago News.

A MISSING BRIDE.

One day in April a good many years ago the inhabitants of Cedar Grove were busily preparing for the wedding of Georgia Blake and Edgar Geland, which was to take place that evening at 9 o'clock. Georgia was an attractive girl and Edgar a tall, awkward boy, whose good qualities made up for the lack of good looks. Both were great favorites at the Grove, and the people looked upon the match as an ideal one.

The Grove had not celebrated a marriage for nearly 12 months, and the fact of "no lost" having a wedding aroused much enthusiasm thereabout in the vicinity among all, old and young, who looked forward to the event of the evening with keen delight. By 7 o'clock the room was crowded, by a scarcely standing room for the guests. Those from the Grove were there in full force, and the surrounding bayous were represented by a goodly number. All were merry and chatting gayly, though a trifle impatient for the coming of the bride. But when the little cricket clock on the mantelpiece struck 9 silence reigned, and all eyes were turned and riveted on the door through which the couple were to enter, and there they gazed full one hour, for the clock struck 10 before the latch on the door made any sound. Then it raised and the door opened—only to admit the tear stained face of Mrs. Lawrence, who in an excited, sob broken voice told the guests that Georgia could not be found.

She had left home early in the afternoon for the purpose of gathering water lilies and other wild flowers and had not yet come back. Her long stay did not create any uneasiness until sunset, when straightway a man was sent to hurry her home, and he had just returned, bringing with him only her hat, which he found on the edge of the water. One can hardly imagine anything that would have given the people so sudden a shock as this. The women wept, the men looked out of the windows and doors, simply at vacuity, for it was black without, then put on their hats and instituted a search at once, which was joined in earnestly by every man present.

The search continued all night, many in their excitement going over the same ground, until daylight convinced them that there, at least, were no more traces of her than those which had already been found—her hat and a few tracks in the soft sand near by. And thus was spent the night that was to have been one of revelry.

Bayous were crossed, and the searchers went here, there and everywhere, to places where there was and wasn't the least probability of tracing her. But all in vain. Then, one by one, worn out and sad, loath to give up, yet believing further steps as fruitless as the first proved, the searchers—men and women—went home, now surer than ever that Georgia had been drowned and had gone on with the tide, down Cedar bayou, over Spanish lake, out then to the gulf.

There was one, however, who would not, could not give up—yet. That was Edgar Geland. He went from place to place, looking, praying, hoping that he might yet find some trace of her, for as yet he could not believe she was drowned. Weeks went by, and his long wearying steps, his eager, watchful eyes for anything that would bring him tidings and his listening ear for any sound by which he might be guided were all in vain. Hope was dead.

In his despair he gave his home—the one which was to have been hers also—to the old couple who had sheltered Georgia for so many years, and then, having no more interest there, the boy, crushed in heart and spirit, left the Grove determined never to return.

Up to that time all had gone well at the Grove, but this sad affair had cast a gloom over the place, the shadow of which was deep and threatened to be dismally long. But one morning, just as the sun reached up to the tree tops over Spanish lake, a schooner came in sight and cast anchor at the mouth of Cedar bayou—which was too small for so large a craft—and a yawl was seen to glide away from the side of the vessel, coming straight to the Grove. This was something that had never happened before, and the people were curious to know what it meant, so curious, in fact, that many had gone down to the shore and stood there shading their eyes and watching to see who were the three in the yawl. How little they dreamed that the small figure in the bow was that she might be the first one out—was Georgia Blake.

She it was, though, and a few minutes more she whom they had mourned as dead for all these months stood before them safe and well.

In a few words she told her story:

On the afternoon of her disappearance, not being able to find as many flowers as she wanted, she set out in an old skiff, one that had long since been useless. She knew it was risky, but eager for the flowers she bailed out the boat and started off, paddling and steering, all at the same time, with a little board which she found on the shore. She had done that many a time before, but not in such a skiff. However, she reached the spot where the lilies grew thickest. Wild with enthusiasm over their beauty, she gathered as long as one was in sight, and then, with a sigh of content and pleasure, she looked down at the heap of beauties at her feet and found they were floating. And no wonder—there was a foot of water in the skiff and it was coming in faster and faster.

She picked up the little board which had served as a paddle and began to bail. But she could not paddle the boat and bail, too, and while she got a little ahead of the water the boat got ahead of her. It sorted, with the aid of the tide and wind, its own course and drifted farther and farther away from Cedar Grove. She looked around, hoping some boatman might come in sight, but not so. Her face grew red from the exertion, two big salt tears trickled over her lashes, her arms ached, and her heart beat with fright. But she bailed on—all that she could possibly do.

Broken waves beat against the old treacherous boat, rocked it and dashed the water in as fast as she tossed it out. Then, to her dismay, she saw the skiff was going toward the lake. Once on this body of water and she could do nothing with that craft. The nearer to the lake the rougher was the water, and soon the waves beat in at such a rate that the skiff tilted, careened over to one side, bobbed and rocked and drifted on.

She had lost all hope of being saved when in turning around the point at the mouth of the lake she saw a large growth of rushes. If she could run the boat into them and the wind did not rise, it would stay there lodged until morning at least. She made the attempt, struggled with all her strength, but the skiff was too nearly sunk, too far down in the water, to be made to glide over this thick bed of high, tough rushes. But she reached out and held tightly to the stalks.

This was very good—so long as her strength lasted. It held the skiff much more steady and made her feel safer. But what a situation to be in! Soon after sunset the air became quite chilly, and Georgia up to her waist in water! By dark she had a perfect ague, and then followed a drowsy numbness; she lost her hold, and the old skiff splashed off. But she knew not when or where, nor in fact anything, until she awakened 48 or more hours afterward down in the cabin of a schooner and found the good old captain and his wife in anxious attendance. They told her that while crossing the lake, just before entering the gulf, the light from one of the sailor's lanterns flashed on a figure over the water, and immediately a boat was lowered, and she was brought aboard more dead than alive.

Naturally the girl's first thought was of home and Edgar, and she wanted to return at once. But that was out of the question. This schooner was laden with lumber and bound for Galveston, and having been on the gulf now over two days and nights there was no going back. Of course it was very hard on her, but more so on those at home. However, she tried to be patient, and so soon as they reached Galveston she telegraphed home, and the captain's wife mailed a bulky letter, feeling sure that would explain everything and set all minds at ease until she could take the girl home.

Various things, though, delayed her homecoming. First the captain was sent to Corpus Christi, and during the trip encountered such rough weather that he lost many days. Then he was sent to various other points, all opposite routes to the one Georgia had to take. In those days there were no railroads from Texas through Louisiana, as there are now, so it was necessary to come by water. The girl was not willing to trust herself with any one but the captain and his wife, so she had to abide her time. In the meanwhile she mailed letters regularly to her friends, but what good were they?

The Grove was 40 miles from the telegraph office, and the operator mailed the telegram, and of course it shared the same fate as the letters—staid there until the postmaster, weary of looking at them, bundled them all up and sent them to the dead letter office. The people at the Grove and surrounding country rarely went into town, never got any letters, never looked for any, and so the postoffice was the last place those people would ever dream of hearing from Georgia. They were convinced of her fate and knew nothing to the contrary until that morning when she stood before them. The old couple wept over her as though she was their child, and there was great rejoicing among her friends.

But the one Georgia wanted most to see was not there, so her homecoming was, after all, a very sad one. But, like many a woman had done since the beginning of time, she bore her burden patiently.

As the years went by old Mrs. Lawrence was left a widow. But Georgia, who had put the question of marriage away from her, still lived with her old friend and was now her mainstay. The old captain and his wife went to see them on every trip made for Louisiana cypress, and these visits were by far the most pleasant things that came into the lives of these two women. The old captain's schooner anchored off Spanish lake, and the green yawl coming down stream with him and his wife had grown to be a common sight now.

But one evening there were anchored two schooners, instead of one—the old captain's and another, a white one, such as these people had not seen before. Then a white yawl came in by the side of the green one. A sailor handled the oars, while a man sat back in the rear, his arms folded and his face turned toward the Grove. Georgia walked down to the shore to welcome her old friends, as was her custom, but her eyes were on the one in that white yawl.

Something in his attitude made her heart beat violently. She tried to quiet it, but that was useless. The blood rushed in and out of her face, and her quick, short breathing made her bosom rise and fall in quick succession.

The two boats landed, and Georgia ran forward to meet Edgar. He took her in his arms and held her there as though he never intended to let her go, and he didn't either. Mrs. Lawrence grew hysterical. Indeed wet eyes were plentiful, but so were smiles.

That evening, sitting out on the porch at Mrs. Lawrence's, Edgar Geland entertained the whole population with an account of himself from the day he left the Grove to the time he came back. He had straightway taken up life on the sea, beginning humbly and working himself up to a captain. And then, having made a good year, he had built a vessel of his own, and, as his own captain, was taking his vessel on its initial trip when he met the old captain, to whom he told his story and from whom he heard of Georgia.

The Grove was a happy place that night, happier than it had ever been before, and to this day there is nothing these people take such delight in as a recital of this story, always dwelling with pride on the marriage, and how the people crowded on the shore and waved at the young captain and his bride until the vessel had gone over Spanish lake and appeared a tiny white dot out on the gulf.—Virginia Payne Henricks in Philadelphia Times.

The Secret.

Dunn—I called on the Munniswells today. Stylish people; house splendidly furnished. Received me very graciously and asked me to call again.

Gunn—You don't mean it! Always heard they were very exclusive. How did they entertain you?

Dunn—Oh, I didn't stop long. Only called with a bill for dry goods. But I thought it was very kind in Mrs. Munniswell to ask me to call again.—Boston Transcript.

Uncertain.

Husband—Does that new novel turn out happily?

Wife—It doesn't say. It only says they were married.—Joyeux Passe Temps.

Keep Cool.

Oh, never mind how hot it is,
Keep cool.
Just wear a pleasant, smiling phiz,
Keep cool.
Don't fret and fuss and kick and stew
As if the joys of life were few;
This weather's good enough for you.
Keep cool.

It ought to be hot in July.
Keep cool.
Of course you know the reason why.
Keep cool.
The corn and things have got to grow.
Warm weather helps them on, you know;
The universe must have a show.
Keep cool.

Just take things easy for awhile;
Keep cool.
Don't try to put on too much style;
Keep cool.
Wear outing shirts if you're a man.
If not, do just the best you can.
You'll find this is the wisest plan.
Keep cool.
—Somerville Journal.

LOW RATES

To Mackinac Island, Via Wabash R. R. and Steamer Lines.

The Wabash is now running its trains in connection with the elegant new steel passenger steamers plying between Toledo, Detroit and Mackinac Island and other northern lake ports. Low single and round trip rates offered by this popular route. For tickets and state room reservations apply to Wabash Passenger Station. Telephone No 6. 20 tf

Summer Complaint.

Last fall I was taken with a kind of summer complaint, accompanied with a wonderful diarrhoea. Soon after my wife's sister, who lives with us, was taken in the same way. We used almost everything without benefit. Then I said, let us try Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy, which we did, and that cured us right away. I think much of it, as it did for me what it was recommended to do. John Hertzler, Bethel, Berks Co., Pa. 25 and 50 cent bottles for sale by druggists.

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EQUAL TO THE EMERGENCY.

A Young Woman Who Met a Literary Man on His Own Ground.

There is a young woman over on the west side who has been in society but a portion of a season. The other evening she was at a function, and she was introduced to a young man who has had some success in literature. The bud stood more or less in awe of him after she learned who he was. The literary young man was much impressed with the beauty of the bud, and he asked permission to call. This was given him.

The next day the bud got to thinking over the function and remembered the request of the young man. She went to a girl friend and said to her: "I met Mr. L—— at the ball the other night, and he asked if he could call on me. I told him he could. Now, I'm awfully worried to think what I shall talk to him about. Of course he's a literary man, and he will not care to talk about society and all that, and really I don't know a single thing I can converse with him about that will interest him, and I do not want him to go away bored. What on earth shall I talk about?"

The friend sympathized with her and told her that she might talk about history or some such thing. Filled with this idea, the bud went home and boned up on history.

A few nights later the literary man called. He was ushered into the parlor, and the bud came down in a few minutes.

"Good evening," he said.

She bade him good evening.

"Awfully hot, isn't it?"

She thought that it was.

There was some more conversation in this original strain, when he suddenly launched out like this: "What a delightful party that was the other evening, wasn't it? I don't know when I have enjoyed myself more. Everything was perfect. There was no crush. Just enough were there to make it enjoyable. The music was delightful and the refreshments superb. Really I shall often think of that ball as one of the most charming I have ever had the pleasure of attending in Buffalo. I think that"—

During these remarks the bud had wriggled about nervously on her chair. She was on the point of interrupting half a dozen times and could refrain no longer. With a forced little laugh, she broke in, "Oh, yes, but wasn't that sad about Mary, queen of Scots?"

The literary man gazed at the bud in blank amazement. Seeing that he did not answer her, the bud continued in a theatrical manner, "They cut off her head, you know."

The symposium broke up just here, and to this day the literary man thinks the bud crazy, while the bud hasn't an idea what to think about the literary man.—Buffalo Express.

Not the Fault of the System.

Banks strengthens his memory by the use of a system of mnemonics, to learn which he paid the inventor $25.

Rivers intrusted a package to Banks' care the other evening, and the latter apologized next morning for having failed to deliver it.

"The fact is, Rivers," he said, "I forgot all about it."

"But how about that $25 system of mnemonics?"

"That system," retorted Banks hotly, "is all right. I forgot to apply it, that's all."—Chicago Tribune.

A Treasure.

Mr. Hardcase—You have no accomplishments, Miss Bildings?

Miss Bildings—No.

Mr. Hardcase—And you've never been taught how to cook at a fashionable cooking school?

Miss Bildings—Never.

Mr. Hardcase (with energy)—Will you be my wife?—Chicago Record.

Financial.

She shrank from him.

"I'm awfully shy," she faltered.

He looked upon her bowed head in a trance of horror.

"Can it be possible," he demanded, "that you have already dissipated the fortune your grandmother left you?"

Seizing his hat and cane, he fled.—Detroit Tribune.

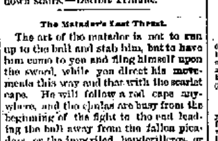
Unconscious Betrayal.

Elderly maid and her best young man tete-a-tete. Enter little brother.

Miss Sears—Well, Bobby, what do you want?

Bobby—Crack this nut for me. I'll do as much for you when I have false teeth.—New York World.

The Sunday Picnic and the Inevitable Shower.



—Chicago Record.

High Bred.

"She seems to be infatuated with her little dog."

"Yes. She says he is just heavenly."

"Heavenly! Then he must be a skye terrier."—New York Press.

Diminutive.

Customer—I am furnishing a modern flat.

Floorwalker—The toy department is down stairs.—Detroit Tribune.

The Matador's Last Thrust.

The art of the matador is not to run up to the bull and stab him, but to have him come to you and fling himself upon the sword, while you direct his movements this way and that with the scarlet cape. He will follow a red cape anywhere, and the chulos are busy from the beginning of the fight to the end leading the bull away from the fallen picadors, or the imperiled banderilleros, or the matador. Even after the sword is thrust into his neck up to the hilt it takes the bull a long time to die. A harrowing sight it is. The noble creature—the only noble creature, as it seems, in the ring—stands up as long as he can, vomiting forth torrents of blood, as all his enemies crowd around him, sticking to it until he drops trembling against the fender. Then in come the teams of mules, gayly decorated with flags and ribbons, to carry the bull and horses around the ring at a gallop, leaving a bloody track behind. They are not content with removing the bodies by the nearest possible exit. Oh, no! These gay teams go galloping around the whole arena, each dragging its bloody carcass, while the band plays another quickstep.

They are hardly out of the ring before the drum rolls, and the next bull bursts into the arena. So it goes on until six bulls are done for. All the while our neighbors in the next box are eating and drinking. As for us, we see nothing but the suffering and death over and over again. It carries you back to the Roman circus, and you wonder what civilization has done for Spain, whose population is still so thirsty for blood. The Spaniards are so used to it that they see none of the barbarity, only the skill and the science. And the English residents in Spain are more enthusiastic than the Spaniards themselves.—Madrid Letter.

The Melungeons.

"I believe that the Melungeons of east Tennessee are the only living lineal descendants of the ancient Aztecs," said R. C. Borden of Asheville. "The Melungeons have always been a mystery, and but few facts are known about them. They came to east Tennessee from North Carolina more than a century ago. They have mixed with no other race and have always been filthy and ignorant. A few of them have grown wealthy, but when they do no effort is made to associate with Americans. They have no traditions as to when or how or whence they came, except as to their ancestors in North Carolina. Their names are of Portuguese origin, and their appearance suggests an admixture of Portuguese and Indian blood. They have been classed with negroes, but it is easily demonstrated that they are not of negro origin. I mingled with them a great deal at one time and was fortunate enough to obtain their confidence through an act of kindness to one of their number. A few relics of great age can be found in the hands of the better class in the shape of pottery and implements. Some of these are of the stone period; others are marked with rude imitations of the Maltese cross. They have a tradition that their dead ancestors in North Carolina are buried in mounds. Putting these points together, I believe that they are descendants of the Aztecs and of Portuguese sailors who landed upon the North Carolina coast."—Cincinnati Enquirer.

River Gambling For High Stakes.

"There used to be heavy gambling on the Missouri river as well as the Mississippi in the halcyon steamboat days," said W. D. Camera, a traveling man, the other day. "I remember a great game once played on the steamboat Bluff City, which afterward burned at the wharf in St. Louis. It was in the antebellum days, when Kansas City was comparatively unknown.

"At one table the fight for a big pot had narrowed down to two men—one an inveterate gambler, the other a stranger, whose destination was the little town of Robidoux. Presently the gambler said, 'I'll raise you $20,000 and give you just 15 minutes to call me.' The gentleman who was going to Robidoux replied: 'I don't need 15 minutes. Mr. Clerk, bring out enough boxes of money from your office to see the gentleman and go him $20,000 better, and I will give him 30 minutes to call me. If that ain't enough, I'll buy the blamed steamboat and put that on the table.' The gambler threw down his hand, and the stranger made him a present of a $100 bill. The stranger was Joseph Robidoux, founder of the city of St. Joseph, and the little town of Robidoux is a part of St. Joseph today."—Kansas City Journal.

A Valuable Manuscript.

The pope has presented to the Vatican library what may be regarded as a real treasure. It consists of a manuscript given by the celebrated Fra Giocondo of Verona to Lorenzo de Medici, known in history as the "Magnificent." Vasari, in his life of Fra Giocondo, writes of this work and notes that Politian makes mention of this book in his "Miscellanea" and describes the author as "the most learned man of the old days." This work had been lost for a long time, and its recovery now is looked upon as fortunate. The name of Fra Giocondo crops up from time to time in the more recondite studies of the Italian renaissance—that period when learning, science and art made such immense strides in the highest degree of excellence. He was known as a man of great learning and is sometimes compared with that most remarkable scholar and marvelous artist, Leo Battista Alberti.—Chicago Inter Ocean.

Sounds Well.

If you wish to drink out of something very pretty indeed, use the smoked chrysoprase glassware. It is sweetly cool and pale in its green tint and blends so well with the nature that stands without the door and window it might have been blown in on a sea breeze.—Boston Herald.

Call at Wabash Ticket Office and get one of those descriptive books on how to make the trip to Mackinac Island by water. They are free. 20 tf

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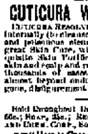
Skin and Scalp. Tried Everything. Used Cuticura. In Three Weeks Not a Scar or Pimple.



When my baby was three months old his cheeks and forehead began to break out with white pimples on red surface. In a few days itching commenced, which was terrible. After he would rub it, matter would ooze from the pimples. In a short time it spread over the top of his head, then scabs were formed on head and face. We tried everything we could hear of for nearly five months. It grew worse all the time. I saw your advertisement of the Cuticura Remedies in a Chicago weekly. We purchased Cuticura Remedies and commenced their use. In three weeks' time there was not a sore or pimple, not even a scar, on head or face. He is nineteen months old now, and has no signs of the disease. His scalp is healthy and he has a beautiful head of hair. (See portrait herewith.)
Mrs. OSCAR JAMES, Woodston, Kan.

Cuticura cured a Disease which I had three years. My skin was ground in cold weather my face was a mass of sores. The pain so intense it would bring tears. I tried every remedy with little benefit. The first application Cuticura gave instant relief.
EDMUND KEHAS, 2704 Union Ave., Chicago, Ill.

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Cuticura Resolvent, the new Blood Purifier, internally (to cleanse the blood of all impurities and poisonous elements), and Cuticura, the great Skin Cure, with Cuticura Soap, an exquisite Skin Purifier, externally (to clear the skin and scalp and restore the hair), have cured thousands of cases where the suffering was almost beyond endurance, hair lifeless, or all gone, disfigurement terrible.

Sold throughout the world. Price, Cuticura, 50c.; Soap, 25c.; Resolvent, $1. Potter Drug and Chem. Corp., Sole Proprietors, Boston.
"How to Cure Skin Diseases," mailed free.

BABY'S Skin and Scalp purified and beautified by Cuticura Soap. Absolutely pure.

ACHING SIDES AND BACK. Hip, Kidney, and Uterine Pains and Weaknesses relieved in one minute by the Cuticura Anti-Pain Plaster. The first and only pain-killing plaster.

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Every picture is described by the brightest and best of America's writers on art subjects. These descriptions are not technical or prolix, but bright and interesting.

The materials for this publication have been gathered out of the most Famous Galleries and finest Private Collections in the Old World and the New.

All eminent artists are represented, but the minor artists and young aspirants for artistic honors whose names are not yet household words have not been overlooked. The Committee of Selection have often chosen a meritorious and pleasing picture by a comparatively unknown artist in preference to an unattractive subject by a painter of prominence. This magnificent art work is in itself a

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Write name and address plainly.

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THE PROCTER & GAMBLE CO. CIN'TI.

WANTED.

WANTED—Clear walnut strips; one or more car loads. Wilson McQuiston, Fort Wayne, Ind. 17t2

WANTED—Collector and solicitor; reference and bond required. For particulars address "C," care of Sentinel. 17t2

WANTED—Washing, ironing and house cleaning, or other work suitable for a woman to do. Address Mrs. Elizabeth Bernard, No. 61 Hayden street. 12-1f

WANTED—A young lady wants a position at a summer resort, either as housekeeper or will take charge of chamber work. Address 153 East Wayne street. 6-1f

WANTED—A few good men to solicit in Fort Wayne and towns surrounding, for the best form of Life Insurance extant. Excellent opportunity for the right parties. Address Box 163, Fort Wayne, Ind. 10-7t

WANTED—Good business or residence property in exchange for vacant lots. Will assume encumbrances or pay cash difference for the right sort of improved property. John Treibelbiss, 3 and 4 Pixley Long Block. 12-1tf

WANTED—To rent by a young gentleman a large, well lighted, unfurnished room in private family, west side, or Bloomingdale preferred. Can give best of references. Address till July 20, stating terms and location and conveniences. Address "Rooms," care Sentinel office. 17-2t

WANTED—An agent in Fort Wayne and all other unoccupied territory for our Electric Door (name) plates, house numbers and signs. Readable in the dark; profits 100 per cent; agents make $3 to $15 daily. Write for free sample with your own name. The New Era Company, 167 Dearborn St., Chicago. Jy12-1mo

WANTED—At Mrs. Fitzgerald's Employment Agency, at 59 West Washington street, a man and wife to work on a farm; she must be a good cook and the man must be able to milk; also a good girl to go to the same farm; call at once. Also two good colored girls at once. Wanted, also, good girls to work in private boarding houses; girls must be able to wait on table. Good girls for general housework; good wages guaranteed. No charge to girls wanting places. 13-1f

FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—A neatly furnished front room, with board, suitable for two gentlemen, at 58 West Berry street. 23tf

FOR RENT—Nicely furnished rooms to gentlemen only. All modern conveniences. Rent reasonable. 144 East Washington street. 5-1mo

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—A patent or interest in same. Big money for some one with small capital. Address "W. F. A.," 322 Calhoun street.

FOR SALE—A New house with eight rooms, Attic, Cellar, Furnace, Well and Cistern; fifteen minutes walk from Court House. Must sell on Account of business out of City. Address House care of Sentinel. 19 tf.

FOR TRADE OR SALE—160 Acres of fine Western land, near city of 4,000 inhabitants. Will exchange for city real estate or most any kind of property in Allen county. Address "Western Land," care of Sentinel. Jul24d&wtm

FOR SALE OR RENT—By the Fort Wayne Land and Improvement Co., a six room cottage; rent, $12.50 per month; or will sell on monthly payments of $15 per month. House is situated in Lakeside, three blocks east from bridge. Apply at office of the Land and Improvement Co., Room 3a, Pixley & Long block.

FOR SALE—Or exchange for property in this city or drug store either in this city or good town in Indiana, drug store and store building, the drug store is in, and two lots also residence property near by the store. Both properties are in the eastern part of the city, are well located and new, as is also the drug store. Full particulars given or address or calling upon J. J. O., 37 Holton avenue. 20-1f

FOR SALE—At a bargain, on the account of health of owner, one of the finest lots in city with fair house of seven rooms, all in good order, lot 50 ft front, brick paved street, city water and gas also soft well water and large cistern, small stable etc. This property cost $4,000 four years ago, but will be sold for less, if taken soon. Apply to call. For particulars call at 16 W. Williams street. 19-1m.

LOST.

LOST—A memorandum book of Berry and Melon rates, etc. Finder will receive reward by returning same to G. G. Schell, at Gumpper's grocery, No. 290 Calhoun street.

MISCELLANEOUS.

TO LOAN—We have money in sums of $300, $500, $1000, $2000, to loan on improved city property; we also have desirable property for sale, and we represent first-class Fire Insurance companies. Call and see us. **SCHRADER & WILSON, 1st floor No. 7 Court St.**

EMPLOYMENT OFFICE—Just opened an employment office, at 132 East Wayne street, corner of Clay. All orders will receive prompt attention; also girls wanted to fill orders. A young lady desires a position at a summer resort, either as housekeeper or will take charge of chamber work. 23-1m

LOUIS F. CURDES,

Real Estate Agent, Rooms 3 and 4 Bank Block.

Farms for sale, or trade for city property. Building lots in all parts of the city, on terms to suit the purchaser. I have any number of houses and lots, ranging in price from $400 to $20,500; several choice business blocks for sale, very cheap. Money to loan.

PROFESSIONAL.

DOCTOR MARY WHERY, PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON. Office and residence, 24 Madison street. Specialty—Diseases of women. Office hours from 9 a. m. to 3 p. m.; from 1 p. m. to 5 p. m. Telephone No. 170.

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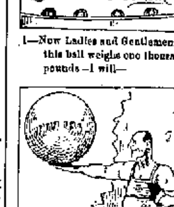
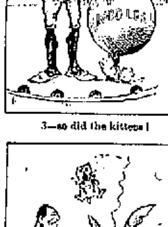
TOO BAD.

1—Now Ladies and Gentlemen, this ball weighs one thousand pounds—I will—



2—toss it like a foot ball, and—

3—so did the kittens!



4—Bang!!!

RAILWAYS AND SHOPS.

The Wabash Moves 1,800 Freight Cars in One Day.

Passenger Business Also Picking Up—Phil Donahy Returns to Ireland—Other News.

W. S. Dance, Wabash superintendent of bridges, is in the city.

The Lehigh and Hudson has increased the pay of its trainmen ten per cent.

Albert Miller resumed work at the electric light works this morning after a brief illness.

T. Potter, of the Pittsburg car shops, is off duty this week looking after some private business.

A. F. Reinking, boilermaker, is at Peru repairing some locomotives for the Wabash road.

Emil Such, watchman at Rhinesmith & Simonson's factory, is on duty again after a week's sickness.

Ollie Stookey, of the electric light works, is again suffering with his injured hand and is off duty.

There is a good deal of rivalry among the passenger men to secure the Knights of Pythias traffic to Washington to the annual meeting.

Pittsburg Conductor and Mrs. Frank Kanaga went to Eagle Lake this morning to occupy the Glenn cottage.

J. H. Cullen, the agent for the Pittsburg, Fort Wayne and Chicago railroad at Conroy, is dangerously ill with brain fever.

The wife of Stephen Schellenberger, foreman of the Pittsburg car inspectors, is lying quite ill at her home on Lafayette street.

L. B. Bookwalter was again compelled to cease work on account of rheumatism. He is a machinist in the Pittsburg shops.

Quite a number of Pittsburg shopmen, probably twenty-five, will attend the picnic of the Allegheny shopmen next Saturday.

Mrs. William Barden, wife of the Pittsburg passenger conductor, who is occupying a cottage at Eagle Lake, is spending a few days in the city.

Mrs. Charles Taylor, of East Lewis street, is now able to sit up at times. She has been very ill for several weeks. Charlie is the well known machinist at the Bass works.

The Big Four management has offered $1,000 for the arrest and conviction of the person or persons who wrecked the fast express at Fontanet on Saturday morning last.

J. W. Cloud, secretary of the Master Car Builders' association, announces by circular that the revised rules of interchange are ready for distribution, and will go into effect September 1.

James Bradley had the misfortune to badly injure his right hand yesterday. He is an employe of the Pittsburg machine shop and was pushing a truck and an engine cab into the shop when his hand was caught between the door jam and cab and badly bruised and skinned.

Revised statistics show that since January 1 twenty-three roads, covering 2,988 miles of main track, have gone into the hands of receivers. These roads were capitalized at $200,101,000.

Engine 999 which the New York Central had on exhibition at the world's fair, was last week put into steady service hauling the Empire State express between Albany and Syracuse.

The Big Four has ordered another reduction of office force, to take effect August 1. After that date the passenger and freight department officials will get along with fewer stenographers and clerks.

The little child of Roundhouse Clerk Theo. Doble, of the Pittsburg, fell out of a swing yesterday at noon and sustained severe injury to one of its arms. Dr. A. J. Kesler attended the little sufferer.

George B. Roberts, president of the Pennsylvania Railroad corporations, has just commenced his fourteenth year in that position, he being elected to the presidency on the death of Thomas A. Scott.

Wednesday last was the biggest day in the history of the Panhandle company. At Pittsburg alone 1,902 loaded cars were received and forwarded. The freight consisted mainly of delayed merchandise and live stock.

John Reinemoyer, Henry Dannmeyer, A. Kauner and James Quinn, blacksmiths in the Pittsburg shops, are off duty today. There is little work in this department of the shops and the men take turns in laying off.

The belated militiamen from Angola, twenty-nine in number, left over the Pittsburg for Hammond on No. 9 last night. Four militiamen, belonging to the Decatur company, also went to Hammond on No. 7 last night.

Percy Bosworth is in receipt of cheerful news from Bridgeport, Conn. His little son is now out of danger and Mr. Bosworth will not go to that city. The lad suffered a sunstroke while playing on the beach on the seashore.

Mrs. Horace Welton, wife of the well known Pittsburg trainman, is now able to sit up, after being bedfast eight weeks. She will undoubtedly speedily recover her usual health. That is the hope of a large circle of friends, at least.

The Wabash road is enjoying a good passenger business. Last night and this morning the local agent sold fourteen tickets to the White mountain points. There are many other inquiries and later in the week travel promises to be still heavier.

The Pittsburg pay car was here yesterday. The next big pay day will be that of the Wabash. The car is now out on its monthly tour, but has not yet been scheduled for the eastern division. It will be here, however, about the usual time.

Last evening the eastbound Pittsburg passenger train, No. 8, struck and killed an old lady near Wentworth avenue, Chicago. The woman was walking on the tracks and being deaf and quite feeble was unable to get out of the way of the engine.

In March, 1872, the roads in what are known as the Pennsylvania system were capitalized at $40,000,000, and the yearly earnings were then $25,000,000; now the roads in the system are capitalized at $815,000,000 and the net earnings are $40,000,000.

Robert Learmuth, Thomas Jackson, C. H. Sims, jr., William Stephan, Crawford Griswold, James Humphrey, W. H. Tigar, William Stephan and Charles Hall, all of the Pittsburg, went to Eagle Lake last evening to bathe in the lake. They had a pleasant time.

Last night Brakeman Southwood, one of the new trainmen on the Grand Rapids road, was badly injured at Avilla in making a coupling. The man's hand was mashed to a pulp. He was brought to St. Joseph hospital where Drs. McOscar and Myers attended him.

Judge Mayer yesterday decided that the Evansville and Terre Haute is liable for the bonds of the Evansville and Richmond Railroad company, which were guaranteed by the Evansville and Terre Haute company, and the money for the sale was received by that company. This road was built by Mackey.

Philip Donahy left this city this afternoon for New York. Thence he will sail for Ireland, the home of his boyhood. Phil came here four years ago and took service in the Pittsburg shops. His stay here has not been pleasant, as he was ill a great part of the time. He is a very clever Irishman, and is well liked by the shopmen and others who know him. He has consumption.

Freight traffic on the Wabash is unusually heavy and all those locomotives that were "white leaded" and put in the roundhouse some months ago, have been placed in service. Yesterday Nos. 82, 97, 147, 335, 62, 331 and 350, which were stored at this point, were sent to Andrews, where they were manned and sent out on the road. The company moved 1,800 loaded and 300 empty freight cars on this division yesterday.

East bound shipments from Chicago last week were the smallest ever known, and prove that freight business was almost entirely killed by the strike. Five of the roads make no report at all. The total shipments amounted to 4,142 tons, against 11,686 for the preceding week and 50,257 for the corresponding week of last year. The roads carried tonnage as follows: Michigan Central, 792; Lake Shore, 683; Fort Wayne, 570; Panhandle, 1,991; Big Four, 106.

The new union station at St. Louis, with the largest train service in the world, will be formally opened on September 1. This date was decided upon at a special meeting of the board of directors of the St. Louis Terminal Railroad association. General Manager Ramsey said that the Terminal association had decided to open the union station on the date mentioned with ceremonies commensurate with the prominence of the institution and the amount of capital involved.

The airbrake cock between the engine and baggage car of Pittsburg train No. 9 was turned at Englewood last night, leaving the engineer powerless to stop the train in the usual manner and he crossed the Rock Island road at the rate of twenty-five miles an hour. No damage resulted, but that there was not a wreck is no fault of the fellow who turned the cock. The train was in charge of Conductor George Benter, with Engineer Pete Riley at the throttle.

Owing to the general business depression there will be but little railroad building in Mexico during the present year. This fact is apparent by the number of concessions for important roads in different parts of the republic that have been cancelled by President Diaz on account of the failure of the concessionaires to comply with the terms of the contracts. The government yesterday declared forfeited concessions for several roads that were to be constructed in the state of Sonora, Sinaloa and Chihuahua.

R. F. Smith, superintendent of the Pennsylvania Voluntary Relief department of the lines west of Pittsburg, has published the bulletin for June, showing that there was disbursed but $500 on death benefits from accidents, $3,500 in death benefits from natural causes, $1,777.10 in disablement benefits from accidents and $5,631.60 in disablement benefits from sickness, making a total for the month of $11,408.70, being the smallest disbursements in any one month since the association was organized.

Captain J. C. Kensill, of the Pittsburg boiler shop, this morning received notice that the 150th Pennsylvania regiment would hold a reunion at Gettysburg August 13 and 14. The captain was a member of that regiment and was wounded in the Gettysburg battle. At the beginning of the engagement the regiment had 417 men and only 111 were able to answer the roll call after the fight. Captain Kensill's company, forty-four men, came out of the battle with only seven uninjured. There are now seventy-five survivors of the regiment.

STATE NEWS.

The Muncie Steel company has signed the amalgamated scale, and will resume work on Monday.

Charles Lee, of the Grand Rapids and Indiana railroad, lost an arm while coupling cars at Kendallville.

Frank Confer, twenty years old, living near DeSoto, was thrown off a hay rake in a runaway accident and killed.

Mrs. Philip Shapler, of Lyon's station, is dead. Some weeks ago she tried to commit suicide while temporarily deranged.

Daniel Doty, of Johnson county, who stabbed John Turner, voluntarily surrendered to the authorities and was placed under $6,000 bonds.

The Rev. J. H. Stotler, of Eaton, Ohio, will probably succeed the Rev. O. B. Van Arsdall pastor of the Christian church at Crawfordsville.

William Reed, of Jefferson township, Huntington county, over one year ago noticed a sore on his toe. Various remedies were applied without effect, and finally a portion of the foot was amputated. This failed of relief, blood poisoning developed and last week he died.

Andrew Goss, of Greenville township, Floyd county, is dead. The deceased was ninety-four years old, and he settled on the farm where he died eighty-four years ago. New Albany at that time was a forest, and Louisville, Ky., but a small town. He was noted for his purity of character.

The Seventh Indiana Cavalry association will hold its twelfth annual reunion at Rushville on the 3d of October. The visitors will be welcomed by Mayor Armstrong, and during the reunion there will be addresses by the Rev. Henry B. Sherman, Gen. J. P. C. Shanks, the Rev. J. W. Dashiel and others.

William Bradley, of Marrs township, Posey county, while at Bellefontaine, was drawn into a fight with J. H. White, a stranger, and White shot him twice, sending a bullet through his nose and another through one of his ears. Bradley was unarmed, but he wrested the weapon from White, gave him a good beating, and turned him over to the authorities.

When Traveling,

Whether on pleasure bent, or business take on every trip a bottle of Syrup of Figs, as it acts most pleasantly and effectually on the kidneys, liver and bowels, preventing fevers, headaches and other forms of sickness. For sale in 50c and $1 bottles by all leading druggists. Manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co. only.

Mothers, Be sure and use "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup" for your children while cutting teeth. It is the best remedy of all. May8eod&wly

Awarded Highest Honors—World's Fair.

DR. PRICE'S Cream Baking Powder.

The only Pure Cream of Tartar Powder.—No Ammonia; No Alum.

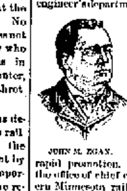
Used in Millions of Homes—40 Years the Standard.

RAILROAD KING AND LABOR LEADER.

John M. Egan and Eugene V. Debs, Rival Leaders in the Great Pullman Struggle.

The great Pullman railway boycott has drawn a good deal of attention to the opposing leaders in that controversy—namely, John M. Egan, president of the General Manager's association, and E. V. Debs, the head of the American Railway union. Both of these gifted generals are comparative strangers to the general public, although Mr. Egan has long been favorably known to railway officials, and for some years Mr. Debs has been conspicuous among labor leaders.

Mr. Egan was born in Springfield, Mass., March 26, 1848. He moved to Illinois when a boy and entered the Illinois Central railway shops at Amboy as an apprentice. In a short time he worked his way into the clerical department and at 19 was a clerk in the freight department. He was transferred to the engineer's department, where he received



JOHN M. EGAN. EUGENE V. DEBS.

rapid promotion. In 1877 he accepted the office of chief engineer of the Southern Minnesota railroad and was subsequently promoted to the superintendency of the system. He next allied himself with the Canadian Pacific and personally superintended the construction of that road from Winnipeg to the Pacific coast. In 1881 Mr. Egan became general superintendent of the St. Paul, Minneapolis, and Manitoba railroad, and in 1888 assumed the general management of the Chicago, St. Paul and Kansas City. In 1890 he was elected president of the company and resigned the position last April to devote his whole time to the General Managers' association, of which he is president.

Eugene V. Debs was born in Terre Haute, Ind., 39 years ago. He received a common school education, and at 16 began work as a painter in the Vandalia railroad shops. Later he spent three years as fireman on the same road. He was then chosen city clerk of Terre Haute, served two terms, and when only 20 years of age was elected to the state legislature. While in office he secured the passage of several bills in the interests of labor, and his speech in nominating Daniel Voorhees for United States senator gave him a wide reputation as an orator.

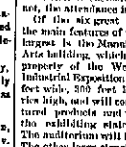
On leaving the legislature Mr. Debs was made grand secretary and treasurer of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Firemen, an office he filled very acceptably for 14 consecutive years. He organized the United Order of Railway Employes, a federation of railroad men, but it was short lived. He then conceived the idea of the American Railway union, which he organized in 1893.

THE NORTHWEST INTERSTATE FAIR.

There Will Be Six Big Buildings and Many Attractions at Tacoma.

The exposition fever has struck the far west, and as a result the Northwest Interstate fair will open at Tacoma Aug. 15 and continue for 10 weeks. It is designed to be an attractive advertisement of the thriving states of Washington, Oregon, Montana and Idaho, the great territory of Alaska and our neighbor of the great northwest, British Columbia. Within 100 miles of Tacoma 300,000 people have their homes, and 600,000 dwell within 400 miles of the city; consequently, even if the fair depends upon local visitors exclusively, which it will not, the attendance is sure to be large.

Of the six great buildings forming the main features of the exposition, the largest is the Manufactures and Fine Arts building, which was formerly the property of the Western Washington Industrial Exposition company. It is 280 feet wide, 300 feet long and three stories high, and will contain the manufactured products and works of art from the exhibiting states and territories. The auditorium will hold 80,000 people. The other large structures are the Mining, Fisheries, Agricultural, Horticultural and Forestry and Live Stock buildings. Many of the exhibits to be displayed were on view at the World's fair.



MANUFACTURES AND FINE ARTS BUILDING.

One decidedly unique feature of the fair will be a huge wigwam 200 feet high, which will be devoted to exhibits illustrating the life of the red man in the northwest. Around the wigwam will be the camps of Indians representing the different tribes of the northwest and the Pacific coast.

Another odd feature of the fair will be an exhibit showing the vacant government land in the different states subject to entry, so that would be settlers may take in the situation at a glance. The fair will not lack popular features. There are to be a Ferris wheel on a smaller scale than the big one at the World's fair, an electric tower, a waterfall, a fountain, fireworks at night, military and naval contests, a tournament of firemen and athletic sports of all kinds. The president and general manager of the fair is Henry Bucey.

The British museum has books written on bricks, tiles, oyster shells, bones and flat stones, together with manuscripts on bark, on leaves, on ivory, leather, parchment, papyrus, iron, copper and wood.

THE HOME IN WARM WEATHER.

Ways Worth Following to Add to the Family Comfort In Summer.

In planning for the comfort of the household during the heated term the intelligent housemaker realizes that half the battle is gained when a cool appearance is secured. To this end she divests her rooms of overabit of drapery, window, mantel and door hangings, and puts cool looking mattings, which come now in inexpensive and artistic weaves, on the floors.

Covers for the upholstered furniture are very effective and summery in appearance, now that the linen fabrics for them come in graceful rosebud and fern designs and delicate tints. If our housekeeper is very up to date, she can make these coverings herself, their shapely fit being not at all difficult to secure. If it is desired to cover the chandeliers and pictures, a delicate buff tarlatan is most restful to the eye. This sheer material lends itself gracefully to chandelier draping and is additionally ornamental tied down with narrow ribbons of the same hue. It can be used as well laid in smooth folds over mirror and picture frames, held in place at the back by small gimp tacks.

Green shades at the windows are an absolute necessity through the warm days, and, with the indispensable awning, temper the glare in the most grateful way. Those of hunter's green are the best in color and can be bought as low as 40 cents.

Have the hues of your dining room neutral in tone. Do this by banishing gay cloths and brilliant effects of any sort except the box of window plants, whose bloom is a pleasure and whose cultivation is a diverting occupation. If your china is strong in color, put it away and use the creamy white. For your relishes have plenty of ice. A pretty table center at a certain suburban home is, for the 6 o'clock dinner, on hot days, a crystal bowl filled with bits of loose ice, among which nest the rosy radish and the succulent olive.

The care of the sleeping rooms in summer is important. Do not make them the day sitting rooms, as is often done unnecessarily. If you have two, furnish one for morning use and the other to sleep in. Let all decorations be as simple as possible. Complexity of ornament is fatiguing, and in summer everything should be restful.

Keep your sewing corner out of your bedroom.

Screen your windows from flies and insects. The best screens are those that cover the entire frame space, hooking into a staple at each side. These are expensive to begin with, but if you own your house or have a long lease more than pay in comfort for the cost. If you cannot put them all over the house, have them in the kitchen and in the bedrooms. In the former they will permit the capricious and careless window shifting of the cook without harm, and in the bedrooms will make possible opening windows both top and bottom, thus securing the best ventilation.

All beds should have very thin sheets, summer blankets and honeycomb spreads. Pillow and bolster cases should be lightly trimmed, and on very hot days in the cool twilight the beds should be uncovered to insure later comfort. At the headboard keep always a large palm leaf fan, and a tray on the small table by the bedside which will hold ice water, a glass, lemons and a bowl of sugar will be found acceptable many times.

In the second room a cool linen covered lounge or divan, with pillows to match, out of the draft, yet within reach of air, will be an inviting siesta nook, with a Turkish stool near on which books and papers are piled. In the closet hang a loose sack or gown of fine muslin, that bit of thin stuff which has ruffle and lace, but not a regular fit. All these may be trifles, but it will be found that much of the discomfort of the summer solstice is lessened by their observance.—New York Times.

She Convinced Them.

The Populist state convention of South Dakota at Mitchell adopted a woman suffrage plank by an almost unanimous vote of the 561 delegates. Mrs. Anna Simmons of Huron obtained leave to address the convention, and they were so pleased with her speech that they extended her time repeatedly and at the close adopted her plank, though it had been declared in advance that no such resolution could possibly be carried. A scene of enthusiasm followed, and for half an hour the convention was given over to rejoicings. Men came to the platform by the dozen to shake hands with Mrs. Simmons and to thank her for her earnest and convincing plea.

Mrs. Boardman Elected.

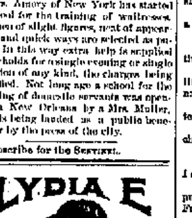
Mrs. L. C. Boardman, the New York cyclist, has been elected a member of the Mowbray House Cycling association of England. The president of the association is Lady Henry Somerset, and Mrs. Boardman will organize an American branch of the association. This action is the introduction to a more widespread organization, which ultimately hopes to bring the cyclists of all English speaking countries within its fold.—London Gentlewoman.

For Training Servants.

Mrs. Amory of New York has started a school for the training of waitresses. Women of slight figures, neat of appearance and quick ways are selected as pupils. In this way extra help is supplied households for a single evening or single occasion of any kind, the charges being specified. Not long ago a school for the training of domestic servants was opened in New Orleans by a Mrs. Muller, who is being lauded as a public benefactor by the press of the city.

Subscribe for the Sentinel.

LYDIA E.



PINKHAM'S Vegetable Compound

Is a positive cure for all those painful Ailments of Women.

It will entirely cure the worst forms of Female Complaints, all Ovarian troubles, Inflammation and Ulceration, Falling and Displacements, of the Womb, and consequent Spinal Weakness, and is peculiarly adapted to the *Change of Life*. Every time it will cure

Backache.

It has cured more cases of Leucorrhœa than any remedy the world has ever known. It is almost infallible in such cases. It dissolves and expels Tumors from the Uterus in an early stage of development, and checks any tendency to cancerous humors. That

Bearing-down Feeling

causing pain, weight, and backache, is instantly relieved and permanently cured by its use. Under all circumstances it acts in harmony with the laws that govern the female system, and is as harmless as water. It removes

Irregularity,

Suppressed or Painful Menstruations, Weakness of the Stomach, Indigestion, Bloating, Flooding, Nervous Prostration, Headache, General Debility. Also

Dizziness, Faintness,

Extreme Lassitude, "don't care" and "want to be left alone" feeling, excitability, irritability, nervousness, sleeplessness, flatulency, melancholy, or the "blues," and backache. These are sure indications of Female Weakness, some derangement of the Uterus, or

Womb Troubles.

The whole story, however, is told in an illustrated book entitled "Guide to Health," by Mrs. Pinkham. It contains over 60 pages of most important information, which every woman, married or single, should know about herself. Send 2 two-cent stamps for it. For

Kidney Complaints

and Backache of *either* sex the Vegetable Compound is unequaled.

Lydia E. Pinkham's Liver Pills cure Constipation, Sick Headache, 25c.

All druggists sell the Vegetable Compound, or sent by mail, in form of pills or Lozenges, on receipt of $1.00. *Correspondence freely answered.* You can address in strictest confidence, LYDIA E. PINKHAM MED. CO., Lynn, Mass.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

AT HIS FUNERAL

The Coffin Lid Was Raised and the Dead Came to Life.

San Diego, Cal., July 18.—Washington E. Irving, a nephew of the famous author, was supposed to have died at Escondido, and his funeral was held. With the close of the service after friends had passed the casket, a knocking was heard from within and the lid having been hastily removed, Irving got up in a dazed condition, but soon regained his senses fully and was taken home.

Fire at Albany.

Albany, N. Y., July 18.—Fire today destroyed the restaurant of John Keeler's Sons on State street and badly damaged adjacent buildings by smoke. The total loss is about $20,000.

Phil Sheridan's Shoes.

A good story of General Sheridan was told the other day by a Mexican, an intimate friend of the great northern soldier in his lifetime. One day, calling on the commander of the army at his office in Washington, he found him at his desk, his feet incased in slippers and his shoes democratically placed on the top of the desk. While the general was apparently absorbed in some writing the Mexican gentleman, who thought some servant had left the warrior's shoes in the wrong place, took his cane and gently deposited the shoes on the floor. The next day the Mexican called again on Sheridan and found him at his desk, shoes on top, as before. The polite resident of the tropics began once more removing the shoes to the floor, when all at once Sheridan roared out:

"Don't you do that again, sir! You make me ridiculous, sir!"

"I beg your pardon, general, but how have I made you ridiculous?"

"Why, sir," said Sheridan, still annoyed, "yesterday, sir, I went out to walk after you had called on me. I was nearing the White House when I noticed a gentleman looking at me intently. Soon he addressed me, saying, 'Excuse me, general, but aren't you afraid of catching cold?' 'Why, sir, no, not that I am aware of. What is the matter, sir?' 'Well,' said the gentleman, 'it is very damp, and you are going about in your slippers.' I tell you, sir," said Sheridan, addressing his Mexican friend, "you made me ridiculous. It is my habit, sir, to put my shoes on my desk where I cannot fail to see them, so I may not forget to put them on, and, confound it, sir, you come around here with your notions of propriety and send me around town in my slippers, sir."—Boston Herald.

How She Settled It.

Macallister McIlhenny loved the girl and wished to make her his, but something in her manner stood him off.

She didn't encourage him at all, and what he needed more than anything else, except enough money to pay his board bill, was encouragement. Wishing didn't bring it, though, and he thought he would try strategy. What he most dreaded was to be led into a flat proposal and be rejected, so he began to hedge and seek the point by degrees.

"It's rather queer how a girl must change her name when she marries, isn't it?" he ventured.

"Yes, but not always unpleasant," she responded, smiling.

"Don't you think it is?" he asked in a burst of hope.

"Of course not. Why should it be?"

"I don't know. Only some girls think so."

"I don't. On the contrary, I'd rather like it if I had the choosing of the name."

This was rather vague, but Macallister McIlhenny was there for business.

"What do you think of mine for a change?" he asked, with a sudden spurt.

She blushed furiously.

"Oh," she exclaimed, "I don't think I should like to be called Mrs. Dennis."

And Macallister McIlhenny did not pursue his inquiries further.—Detroit Free Press.

It Saves the Children.

"My little boy was very bad off for two months with diarrhoea. We used various medicines, also called in two doctors, but nothing done him any good until we used Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhœa Remedy, which gave immediate relief and soon cured him. I consider it the best medicine made and can conscientiously recommend it to all who need a diarrhoea or colic medicine. J. E. Hare, Trenton, Tex. 25 and 50 cent bottles for sale by druggists.

Low Rate Excursions via the Nickel Plate Route.

The Baptist Young People's union of America will meet in Toronto July 19 to 22. Tickets on sale July 17, 18, 19; good returning until September 15th.

The Nickel Plate route, via Buffalo, Niagara Falls, Lewiston and Lake Ontario, forms the most direct route, besides affording a view of the falls and a trip across Lake Ontario.

Unusually low rates to all summer tourist points, both east and west. For further information call on, or address,

M. C. Baker,
29-tf Depot D. P. A.

Get your World's Fair books bound at The Sentinel office. tf

NIAGARA FALLS EXCURSION!

Thursday, August 2, 1894, via the Lake Erie and Western R. R.

"Natural Gas Route."

On Thursday, August 2, 1894, the Lake Erie and Western R. R. will run their popular annual excursion to Cleveland, Chautauqua Lake, Buffalo and Niagara Falls at following very low rates, viz:

Peoria, $7.50; Bloomington, $7.00; Lafayette, $6.00; Michigan City, $6.00; Indianapolis, $5.00; Tipton, $5.00; Lima, $4.00; Fort Wayne, $5.00; Muncie, $5.00; Connersville, $5.00; Rushville, $5.00; New Castle, $5.00; Cambridge City, $5.00; Fremont, $4.00; Sandusky, $4.00.

With corresponding reductions from intermediate points.

In addition to the above, the purchasers of these tickets will be given privilege of special excursion side trips to Lewiston-on-the-Lake, including a steamboat ride on Lake Ontario, for 25 cents. To Toronto and return by Lake from Lewiston $1.00; to Thousand Islands, $5.00. Tickets for the above side trips can be had when purchasing Niagara Falls ticket, or at any time on train.

Besides the above privileges, with that of spending Sunday at the Falls, we will furnish all those who desire a side trip from Brocton Junction to Chautauqua Lake and return FREE OF CHARGE.

Tickets of admission to places of special interest at or near Niagara Falls, but outside the reservation, including toll over the International Bridge to the Canadian side, elevators to the water's edge at Whirlpool Rapids on the Canadian side, will be offered on train at a reduction from prices charged after reaching the Falls.

Do not miss this opportunity to spend Sunday at Niagara Falls. The excursion train will arrive at Niagara Falls 7.00 a. m., Friday, August 3, 1894, and will leave the Falls returning Sunday morning, August 5, at 6 o'clock, stopping at Cleveland Sunday afternoon, giving an opportunity to visit the magnificent monument of the late President Garfield, and many other interesting points.

Tickets will be good, however, to return on regular trains leaving the Falls Saturday, August 4, for those not desiring to remain over. Tickets will also be good returning on all regular trains up to and including Tuesday, August 7, 1894. Secure your tickets, also chair and sleeping car accommodations, early. Those desiring can secure accommodations in these cars while at the Falls. For further information call on any agent Lake Erie and Western R. R., or address

C. F. Daly, Gen. Pass. Agent,
19tf Indianapolis, Ind.

The Pennsylvania Station. Pennsylvania Lines.

Trains Run by Central Time AS FOLLOWS: * Daily. † Daily, except Sunday.

Trains depart from Pennsylvania Station Fort Wayne, Ind.

East Bound.	West Bound.
* 5.35 a. m.	* 2.50 a. m.
* 8 35 a. m. From Chi.	* 8.20 a. m. Limitd
† 2 35 p. m.	* 8.00 a. m.
* 8 05 p. m.	† 11 40 a. m.
* 9 20 p. m. Limited	* 4 10 p. m.
† 7 10 a. m. Crestline	* 5 20 p. m.
† 10 35 p. m. From Chi	* 9 25 p. m. From Crestline.

THE WABASH LINE—Trains Carrying Passengers Leave FORT WAYNE.

Schedule of May 20, 1894.

GOING EAST.	DEPART.
New York and Boston Lim., daily	4 45 a m
Toledo Express, except Sunday	11 [illegible] p m
Atlantic Express, daily	1 [illegible] p m
Local Freight	6 00 a m
Lafayette Accommodation, arrive, except Sunday	11 00 am

GOING WEST.	DEPART.
Pacific Express, daily	[illegible]
Kansas City Ex., except Sunday	[illegible]
Lafayette Accom'n, except Sunday	[illegible]
St. Louis Limited, daily	[illegible]

INDIANAPOLIS TIME CARD.

Lv Fort Wayne.	Ar Indianapolis
8 00am	12 00pm
1 00pm	6 00pm
2 30pm	11 00pm
6 20pm	3 30pm
Lv Indianapolis	Ar Fort Wayne
7 00am	1 00pm
1 30pm	7 00pm
4 00pm	11 00pm
7 00pm	4 40am

Through New York Palace Sleeping cars, dining cars and new free chair cars on New York vestibule limited. Free chair cars and dining car on Pacific limited express. Kansas City express and Cannon Ball has new free reclining chair and palace sleeping cars to Kansas City without change.

R. G. Thompson,
Passenger and Ticket Agent, Fort Wayne Ind.

GRAND RAPIDS & INDIANA R. R.

GOING NORTH.

*For Grand Rapids and North	Lv. 2.15 am
	Lv. 8.55 am
	Lv. 2.55 pm
From Richmond	Ar. 10.30 am

GOING SOUTH.

For Richmond and Cincinnati	Lv. 6.45 am
	Lv. 12.35 pm
	Lv. 11.45 pm
From Grand Rapids	Ar. 7.45 pm

*Daily. †Daily except Sunday.

LAKE SHORE & MICHIGAN SOUTHERN RAILWAY—Fort Wayne Branch.

SOUTHWARD.	ARRIVE.
No. 122 Way Freight	8 30 pm
No. 126 Cin. Express and Mail	10 35 am
No. 128 Detroit & Ind'pls Express	3 35 pm
NORTHWARD.	**DEPART.**
No. 163 Way Freight	6 40 am
No. 127 Through Express and Mail	11 45 am
No. 129 Detroit & Indianapolis Ex	4 45 pm

NICKEL PLATE. The New York, Chicago & St. Louis R. R.

EAST.	Arr.	Dep.
N. Y. & Boston Express	*2 05 am	*2 15 am
Cleveland Mail	11 30 pm	11 45 am
Eastern Express	*6 45 pm	*7 15 pm
Local Freight	15 00 pm	16 10 am
WEST.	**Arr.**	**Dep.**
Chicago Express	*9 10 am	*2 20 am
Chicago Mail	11 45 pm	11 05 pm
Western Express	*4 00 pm	*4 05 pm
Local Freight	14 55 pm	17 00 am

*Daily. †Daily except Sunday. Through Pullman sleeping cars to Chicago, Buffalo, New York and Boston. Through tickets to all points at lowest rates and baggage checked to destination.

M. C. Baker, District Pass. Agt.
Depot, Fort Wayne, Ind.

FT. W., C. & L. R. R. AND L. E. & W. R. R.

NORTH BOUND—ARRIVE FORT WAYNE.

No. 40 Passenger	Arrive 11 40 am
No. 142 Passenger	" 10 10 pm
No. 1170 Local	" 4 30 pm

SOUTH BOUND—LEAVE FORT WAYNE.

No. 141 Passenger	Leave 7 15 am
No. 143 Passenger	" 4 00 pm
No. 1171 Local	" 5 00 am

† Daily except Sunday. * Daily.

Cincinnati and Indianapolis Time card

Leave Fort Wayne.	Arrive Indianapolis.	Arrive Cincinnati.
7.15 a. m.	11.20 a. m.	3.46 p. m.
4.00 p. m.	10.15 p. m.	10.50 p. m.

Leave Cincinnati.	Leave Indianapolis.	Arrive Fort Wayne
6.00 a. m.	8.00 a. m.	11.40 a. m.
2.10 p. m.	4.00 p. m.	10.30 p. m.

All Summer Long

seekers for enjoyment and travelers who've an eye open for pleasure will find luxurious delight in a trip on one of the

LAKE MICHIGAN AND LAKE SUPERIOR TRANSPORTATION CO'S

ELEGANT STEAMSHIPS.

The Great Lake Route which touches

The Northern Michigan Summer Resorts.

Special. Everybody's favorite steamer the handsome steel "MANITOU" will start her semi-weekly trips (via) Oblique and Sault Ste Marie, about June 15th.

Send for illustrated pamphlets. Address Jos. Berolzheim, G. P. A.

LAKE MICH. AND LAKE SUPERIOR TRANS. CO.

Rush and N. Water St. Chicago.

—COUPON—

Famous Paintings of the World!

Part 20. - No. 5.

Clip three coupons of different dates and bring or send them to the Portfolio Department of "The Sentinel," together with TEN cents and the part called for will be sent to your address by mail.

☞ Write name and address plainly.

--COUPON--

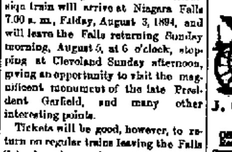
HARPER'S PICTORIAL HISTORY —OF THE— CIVIL WAR.

PART 13. NUMBER 3.

Size of Pages: 16x11¼ inches. Number pages, Over 830. Pages in each part, 32. Price of each part: only 10 cents. Number of pictures over 1000 and all of the history bonded.

Three coupons of different dates and 10 cents secures each part.

ESTABLISHED 1848.



J. C. PELTIER,
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Office Telephone No. 191
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A. HATTERSLEY & SON

PLUMBERS,

Steam and Gas Fitters.

48 East Main St.,

FORT WAYNE, IND.

HARPER'S WAR VOLUMES

May 18, 1849.

To The Editor:

Volume No. 5 of Harper War Book just came, and it surprised me greatly to find the large colored map. Accept thanks for your promptness. I thought the other parts couldn't be beat, but they seem to grow better. If others appreciate the value of what you are giving for only 10 cents, you must sell a host of them, for if anybody once sees these War Volumes they must be as much surprised as I have been at so much, and so good, for such a low price. You deserve a vote of thanks for what you are doing. The good done by placing this great Harper history of the civil war in reach of every man, woman and child cannot be calculated.

Yours very truly,
F. B. D.

DR. T. J. DILLS

No. 26 W. Wayne St.,

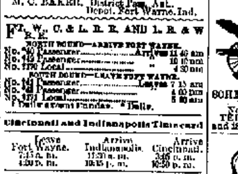
Makes a Specialty of all Diseases —OF THE—

Eye and Ear

OFFICE HOURS: 9 to 12 a. m. and 2 to 5 p. m.

M. W. FAY WAREHOUSE & STORAGE

Warehouse Cor. Francis and Hayden Sts. Office 127 Calhoun St. Telephone 84.



SCHEUMAN & KLAEHN, Funeral Directors and Embalmers, No. 39 W. Main St., Fort Wayne, Ind. TELEPHONE—For night call, Nos. 176 and 186; for office, No. 228.

D. O. WEISELL & SON DENTISTS

PIXLEY & LONG BLOCK

FT. WAYNE LOAN OFFICE. Est'd 1878. Time Tried. Fire Tested. Money, any amount Loaned on Valuables.

We deal in DIAMONDS, Watches, Carpets, Feathers, Guns, Instruments and Valises.

GREATEST BARGAIN HOUSE IN INDIANA. HORACE MARIOTTE, PAWNBROKER, 23 East Columbia Street.

SUMMER SUITS, NEW GOODS, NEW Patterns.

Just Received a Full line of New Summer Suitings.

Prices to Suit The Hard Times.

Call and Examine the Stock and Leave Your Measure before the Summer Rush Commences

Fred Hardung,

N. W. Corner Main and Clinton Sts.

"This Hot Weather"

Depraved by the millions of flies is certainly too oppressive when considering that we can fit you out with

Screen Doors AND Screen Windows

Of all sizes and designs at prices heretofore unknown.

USE OUR

MONARCH GARDEN HOSE

For settling the dust and cooling the air about your house and reap the beneficial results and comfort of a small investment.

THE

MONARCH HOSE

Will render you the longest and most satisfactory service of any house in the market.

We are Headquarters for Hose Reels, Lawn Sprinklers, Nozzles and a general line of Hose repairs.

PFEIFFER & SCHLATTER,
38 and 40 East Columbia Street.
Telephone 86

To the Lady of Fort Wayne,

We are ready to do all kinds of Hair work, making Switches, dressing hair on head, cutting Bangs in the latest style, Shampooing, Manicuring and Massage for the face; will call at house. Orders can be left at the Thresher Bath Room, corner of Clinton and Berry St.

Mrs. S. M Raines,
Mrs. Carrie Starms.

THE NEW YORK HAIR BAZAAR.

All kinds Switches, Bangs, Curling Irons, Alcohol Lamps, latest novelties in Hair ornaments—Hair Dressing and Shampooing, Manicuring and Face Steaming.

MISS. E. C. RODENBECK,
No. 20 E. Washington St.

Bicycle Riders Attention.

We have a few 1893 high grade bicycles on hand, bran new, that we want to trade for second hand machines. Bring down your wheel and we will allow you a good price for it. This is a rare chance for you to get a $150 light wheel for a small amount of money.
RANDALL CYCLE CO.,
24f 31 West Berry St.

Stanton's Photos are the best.

Miss Katharine MacDougal is the guest of Mrs Joseph Skelley, at McKeesport, Pa., for a week.

Mergentheim's Bazaar

A Great Strike

Will be made in many departments of Mergentheim's Bazaar. This week

We Will Strike

From the right, and such bargains as we will offer will cause our competitors to be struck with amazement.

The First Strike

Will be in our Silk Department. Look at these items in Silks.

Printed Silks, formerly 25c, now 19c per yard. Other goods proportionally low.

Other Strikes.

Half Wool Challies, regular price 20c, now 12½cts. The balance of stock of Duck Suitings, formerly 12½ and 15c, now 10c per yard.

Figured Sateens

Now 10c a yard. 10c Ginghams now 7½c yd. 12½c Ginghams now 9c yd. 5c Challies now 4c yd.

Calicoes.

$1.25 Laundried Waists now 75c. Our 7c Calicoes now 5c. Our 5c Calicoes now 4c.

Goods in all other departments at proportionately low prices.

All Summer Goods at Cost This Week.

Mergenthiem's Bazaar

Main & Calhoun Sts.

Agents for Domestic Patterns. The Best Fitting Patterns in the world.

VITALINE

The only true Blood and Nerve Tonic. No Opiates or Bromides. For sale by

MEYER BROS & CO.

FREE! FREE!

A nicely illustrated 80 page Lincoln Story Book given to every purchaser of of a package of LINCOLN TEA, price 25 cents. Ask your druggist, or

Lincoln Tea Co., 50 Harrison St.

Call on Madame Wing, the only reliable clairvoyant and fortune teller in the world. Office and residence 28 Chicago street, Fort Wayne, Ind. Price 50c. 10 tf

MONEY TO LOAN

On real estate or personal security. O. F. PFEIFFER, rooms 35 and 36, Bank Block. 2tf

C. E Everett is now at Boston and before returning will make an extended tour, which will include a number of eastern cities.

Big Reductions

—IN—

Negligee -:- Shirts.

We're going to clean up our stock of Summer Negligee Shirts in a hurry. We have marked all our Summer Shirts with Collars and Cuffs attached that sold at $2.50, $2.00 and $1.50 at the uniform price of

78c

These shirts are made of fine Madras Cloth, Percales and Cheviots and include such well known makes as the "Star," "Eagle," "Sterling," and others. It's by far the best values in shirts that is being offered.

OUR GREAT SALE OF

ALL-WOOL SUITS FOR MEN

—AT—

$4.98, $7.38, $9.88.

Is still in full blast although the assortment is being rapidly broken up we are still in a position to give you a very fair selection. The two or three hundred suits we still have on hand won't last long at the rate they're going. Come quick if you want one of these suits.

Sam, Pete & Max.

The Evening Sentinel.

WEDNESDAY, JULY 18, 1894.

☞Persons Desiring THE DAILY SENTINEL served at their homes can secure it by postal card, request, or order through telephone 173. Where delivery is irregular or is late, please make immediate complaint to the office.

OUR TELEPHONES.

Business Office ....No. 173.
Editorial Rooms ....No. 650.

Our Thermometer.

10 A. M. .... 91°
12 M. .... 95°
2 P. M. .... 100°

The Weather.

WASHINGTON, July 18.—Forecast until 8 p.m. Thursday. For Indiana: Partly cloudy, with showers in extreme southerly portion this evening and near Lake Michigan Thursday; warmer in central portion tonight; cooler in northeastern portions Thursday; winds mostly southerly.

NEWS NOTES.

Miss Edith Zollars is home from Chicago.

William Kirkham is laying quite ill at his home on Harrison street.

Born, to Mr. and Mrs. David C. McKeeman, of 95 Shawnee avenue—a daughter.

Miss Lidia Doenner, who was taken suddenly ill last Sunday, is now improving, though still confined to her bed.

Tomorrow the Sunday school children of the Wayne street M. E. church will hold their annual picnic at High Banks.

Mr. and Mrs. Dixon Edgerton left for the north on the Lake Shore yesterday to be gone three or four weeks on a pleasure trip.

Rev. W. Luessenhop, who was visiting relatives here, left at noon today for Lafayette. Thence he will go to Pueblo, his home.

There will be a mass meeting of railway employes at Saengerbund hall tonight. Good speakers will be there. The public is invited.

W. H. Harkens and wife and T. J. Harkens and wife, of Portland, Ind., were in the city last night to attend the "Last Days of Pompeii."

Mrs. Hale, of the south side, was overcome by the heat on Columbia street yesterday and carried into Staub's hardware store. She is some better today.

Mrs. Dr. McMillan, of Decatur, has been visiting her mother, Mrs. G. P. Ferry, of this city. She was called here by the latter's illness and will return home tomorrow.

A party composed of Mr. and Mrs. John Mohr, jr., Mr. and Mrs. Louis Fox, Mr. and Mrs. William Dreier, and several others leave this morning for a three weeks' trip through the White mountains.

Among those from abroad who attended the "Last Days of Pompeii," last night, were H. W. McDaniels and wife, Miss Cora Breen, P. C Kelley and lady and J. E Miller and lady, of Geneva, Ind. They were guests of the Randall.

James and Walter Hamilton, sons of Mr. and Mrs Allen Hamilton, of Holman street, have gone into northwestern Michigan to remain until the fall term of school opens. The young men have an uncle living up there and they will stop with him.

The old lying in hospital formerly occupied by Dr. Thayer on the east side was nearly destroyed by fire yesterday afternoon. The building has furnished kindling wood for the neighbors for many years and several attempts have previously been made to burn it.

Tomorrow evening at 7 o'clock, at the residence, 95 Summit street, in this city, Miss Sadie Brokaw will be united in marriage to William Bennett, of Bluffton, Rev. A. W. Ballinger, of the United Brethern church, officiating. Mr. Bennett is the owner of a sawmill at Bluffton, and is a prominent business man. The couple will hereafter reside in Bluffton.

Over a hundred newsboys, all members of the Newsboys' union, enjoyed the panorama at Lakeside last evening, through the courtesy of the management, who made them a very low rate. The little fellows marched over under the leadership of President "Reddy" O'Connor, and to say they enjoyed the show is putting it mildly. They fairly went wild over the fireworks.

This morning Mrs. Frank Neal, of 185 South Wayne avenue, was overcome by the heat in front of the Central engine house. She was with her two little children. The lady was taken home in the patrol wagon. When her husband saw the patrol wagon stop in front of the door he broke and ran for his life out the back way. Humane Officer Schlaudroff has been after him lately for abusing his wife, hence his scare and flight.

Last evening Mr. and Mrs. O. L. Hobbs entertained a number of their friends at their pleasant home, No. 285 Hoagland avenue. Music and cards were the features of the evening. Several delightful selections were rendered by Messrs. Stapleford and Collins on the piano, guitar and violin, and the evening passed very pleasantly. At 11 o'clock a delicious luncheon was served. Among those present were: Messrs. and Mesdames Frank Rupert, Andrew Feldheiser, William Reed, Mesdames M. E. Potter, McGleitchie, Misses Emma Keim, Clara Keim, Emma Andrews, Messrs. C. Cherry, Collins, Stapleford and Spaulding.

Whortleberries and Blackberries for This Wednesday Afternoon.

Michigan Whortleberries, 9c quart.
Warsaw Blackberries, 8c qt.
Cleveland Currants, 10c quart.
Fresh Tomatoes, 5c lb.
Large Cucumbers, 1c each.
Good Lemons, 12½c dozen.
Extra Large Lemons, 20c dozen.
Lemons per box, $3.00.

FAIR HOUSE.

Miss Hattie Miller is quite ill at her home on West Jefferson street.

A social will be given tomorrow evening at the home of Mrs. Ben Pordt, No. 17 Burgess street.

Miss Annie Hoadley has returned from Toledo, where she has been visiting friends for a few weeks.

Mrs. Anthony DeWald has returned from Eagle Lake, where she was the guest of Mrs. Crawford Griswold a few days.

Miss Mamie Bowers gave a moonlight picnic at Williams' park last evening. It proved a most enjoyable affair.

Mrs. John Leikauf and daughter, Delight, go to Mount Clemens tomorrow, for the benefit of Mrs. Leikauf's health.

A number of the Seventh ward ladies and gentlemen are enjoying a picnic at Williams' grove today. They are making an all day outing of it.

The members of the Epworth league of St. Paul M. E. church are requested to meet at the church tonight. Business of importance to be transacted.

Miss Alice Zollinger and her friend, Miss Ollie Edsall, of Chicago, are spending a few weeks with the former's aunt, in a northern Michigan summer resort.

Last evening the class for the study of electricity under the auspices of the National School of Electricity was permanently organized by Mr. Barclay from Chicago.

George, the nine-months old son of Mr. and Mrs. Guy C. Springer, of Buchanan street, died Monday at the Wagner homestead on the Piqua road, from which place the funeral will take place tomorrow at 1 o'clock. Interment at Lindenwood.

The following are the scores made yesterday by the regular league base ball teams: At Cincinnati—Cincinnati, 7; Cleveland, 16. At Philadelphia—Philadelphia, 12; Boston, 2. At Chicago—Chicago, 8; Louisville, 5. At St. Louis—St. Louis, 4; Pittsburg, 5. At New York—New York, 7; Washington, 2. At Baltimore—Baltimore, 13; Brooklyn, 4.

Civil service examinations for the departmental, railway mail and Indian services for the last six months of 1894 will be held at the following named places and dates: Fort Wayne, Ind., September 25, 1894. Evansville, Ind., October 5, 1894. Departmental and Indian service, Indianapolis, Ind., September 13, 1894. Railway mail service, Indianapolis, Ind., September 14, 1894.

The board of public works has ordered a sewer on Wells and Cass streets to the river. The proposition to pave Griffith, Rockhill and other cross streets in the west end has been abandoned, as about all the property owners object. Owing to a miscalculation of the estimated cost of the street lights the board will have to cut off 195 street lamps for lack of funds to pay for them.

The Kendallville Sun says: "John McDonald, a brother of R. T. McDonald, of Fort Wayne, is a guest of the Kelly house.—Will Allen left today for Fort Wayne and will begin braking on the Grand Rapids and Indiana railroad.—H. M. Quickrell, Union line freight agent at Fort Wayne, was in the city today looking after export freight matter, and Mr. Seibert, M. D. T., dispatch agent of the Lake Shore road, was also in town on similar business."

Miss Pearl Hill gave an old fashioned picnic at the High Banks yesterday afternoon. There were sixty participants and they assembled on Broadway and marched to the grounds. Each member of the party carried a cooking utensil or some edible and they presented a comical appearance as they marched down the street. A bystander raised quite a laugh by remarking that "there goes the commissary department to Hammond." The picnic was a most enjoyable affair and Miss Hill is entitled to much credit for getting it up.

Last evening, at the residence of Rev. Stephen A. Northrop, occurred the marriage of Sam W. Albrecht and Miss Grace Currier. The event is quite a surprise to their many friends and nothing of the kind was suspected. After the ceremony Mr. and Mrs. Albrecht went direct to the home of the bride's mother, where a number of friends were informally received. The young couple dispensed with the ordinary wedding tour and will be at home in a pleasant suit of rooms at the Randall hotel for a few weeks. Miss Currier is the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Charles H. Currier, of 341 East Wayne street, and is one of the most charming and popular young ladies in the city. The groom is the well known cashier of the Nuttman bank.

Last evening, in front of Ankenbruck & Potthoff's grocery store, on East Washington street, a comical sight was witnessed. "Billy" Yopst, the driver of Louis Brames' beer wagon, was the victim. "Billy" had just got through with a hard day's work and was sauntering around in search of a cool spot to rest his weary limbs. Arriving at the grocery, he came to the conclusion that he was too tired to go any further, and sat himself down upon the bench outside of the store, on which the goods are displayed during the daytime. In the front of the store and just above the bench is a water plug, which "Billy" failed to notice when he sat down, and having quite a number of friends around him by this time, they concluded to get even with him for the practical jokes he has played on them from time to time, and thinking that he needed a bath as well as cooling off, some one made a hast entry into the cellar, turned on the water and soaked poor "Billy" to the skin. He was so dumbfounded at what had happened that at first he didn't realize it, and the longer he sat there the more water he got. Finally, after taking in the situation, and seeing the boys giving him the laugh, he knew that they had got "even" and concluded to go home and change his attire. "Billy" looked worse than a drowned rat, and is now waiting his opportunity to get back at them—which he will do without fail.

TWO CIRCLES PART.

Artilessia Sircle Secures a Divorce From Emanuel Sircle.

The Court Does Up the Business on Short Notice—Mary Morritz Goes to Jail.

THE domestic life of Emanuel Sircle and his wife, Artilessia Sircle, was not as perfect as the geometrical figure which the pronunciation of their name indicated and for that reason the two Sircles, which were once one, are now separated and each is moving along and revolving on its own axis.

They were married several years ago at New Haven, in this county, and, after moving to Fort Wayne, where Sircle secured work, he became negligent in regard to his domestic duties and trouble soon arose in his household—to such an extent, in fact, that he became abusive, and his wife applied to J. R. Bittenger, the attorney, to secure a divorce for her.

He drew up the petition this morning and, as the husband was willing to let his wife have a divorce, he waived the issuance and service of summons, entered his appearance in court and allowed the attorney to file a general denial for him. This brought the case to an issue at once and hence when the superior court convened this morning Mr. Bittenger was allowed to make his proof to Judge Dawson, who granted the wife a divorce and gave her alimony in a small piece of property near New Haven which the husband owned.

The parties live in this city. The husband is a brickmaker and has for some time past been residing at No. 1 Packard street.

CALLED HER JUMBO.

A few days ago Mary Morritz, who conducts a peanut stand, assaulted Mary Dundarrow and Mary Matthews, two Italian women, because they insisted on calling her "Jumbo" every time they passed along the street in front of her stand. For the whipping she gave the two women the Morritz girl was fined by Justice Ryan, and, in default of payment, was sent to jail. She completed her term of imprisonment this morning and was released, when she went to the office of Justice Hays and had the Dundarrow and the Matthews women arrested for provoke. Their case was heard this afternoon and both were fined.

MARRIAGE LICENSES.

Samuel W. Albrecht and Grace V. Currier, Joseph S Zice and Bertha C. Ervin have been licensed to wed.

BROTHERS FINED.

The case of the state of Indiana against a dozen or more boys who are charged with assault and battery on Mike Kaylor and his wife was decided yesterday by Justice Ryan, who fined Mack Aralson, Frank Fry, Louis Kaylor, jr., and Mritz Lee each $1 and costs, amounting to $15.50. The case was appealed by J. K. France, attorney for the defendants.

FATALLY BURNED.

Little Daughter of William Doenges Enveloped in Flames.

The Mother Badly Burned in Extinguishing the Blaze—Two Small Boys Have a Narrow Escape.

The little daughter of William Doenges, the well known carpenter and contractor, who resides at the corner of Oliver and Grant streets, was probably fatally burned yesterday afternoon by her clothing catching fire at the cook stove. The child is only three years of age and was playing about the stove when her dress caught fire. Her mother was horrified to see the little one suddenly enveloped in flames and, after a frantic effort, succeeded in beating out the blaze with her hands. The child suffered fearfully and her entire right side and arm were burned to a crisp, the flesh almost dropping off. Mrs. Doenges was also severely burned about the hands in extinguishing the blaze. Dr. Duemling was called and made the sufferer as comfortable as possible, but there is little or no hope for her recovery. The child was a bright little girl and the parents are heartbroken at the sad accident.

NARROW ESCAPE.

Yesterday afternoon a crowd of boys were in swimming in the Maumee river, near the old Wines dam. In the party were two boys named Lepper and Menzer, aged ten and twelve, respectively. Both boys could swim fairly well but got out in very deep water and becoming exhausted and alarmed came near drowning. In fact, both boys had gone down for the last time when they were rescued by two older boys, Henry Volmerding, better known as "Parker," saved young Lepper, and Ed Perry, commonly known as "Prof. Coleman," saved Menzer. The little chaps had a narrow escape.

WENT AFTER BEER.

Fort Waynites Who "Got Left" at Richmond, Ind.

(Richmond Telegram.)

There was an excursion from Fort Wayne to Dayton this morning. As the train was standing in the depot a couple of passengers ran across the street to sample some of Joe Diff's Milwaukee and the train pulled out. They ran after the train to Thirteenth street, but they didn't catch it, as the engine had more reserve steam than they.

CAPTURED THE PLATES

Upon Which the Mississippi Warrants Were Printed.

ST. LOUIS, MO., July 18.—United States Secret Service Officer John E. Murphy has received from the St. Louis Bank Note company the plates from which the Mississippi warrants, now in dispute, were printed. The plates were sent to this city by the Western Bank Note company, of Chicago, who did the work for the St. Louis company. The warrants, as printed from these plates, which were defaced when the issue was completed, are of the denominations $5, $10 and $20. Mr. Murphy said today that the warrants would easily be mistaken for currency notes. It had the peculiar green color which is characteristic of currency notes; it has the familiar scroll work and the denomination was indicated by large figures.

A RIOTER SHOT.

Tim Kelly Given a Dose of Cold Lead.

Officer Paul Handy With His Gun—Many New Special Police on Duty—Hess Bound Over.

Nineteen special policemen are on duty today endeavoring to keep down the spirit of lawlessness which has been cropping out since the beginning of the labor troubles in this city. Yesterday afternoon at a meeting of the board of public safety the appointment of fourteen "specials" was authorized and this morning five more men were sworn in for duty.

Last night when No. 8 came in a gang of hoodlums lay in wait on Chicago street and began to stone the switchman when the dining car was taken off. The fellow was hit several times but not seriously hurt, although some of the stones were of large size. The bold outrage was seen by Detective Stoll, of the Pennsylvania company, and Officer Paul. The hoodlums were caught in the act and although they were ugly they were carted to the police station. When searched a big stone was found in the pocket of one of the men. Both men are big fellows. One is named William H. Nelson and the other gave his name as A. M. Alerman. Nelson claims that both himself and companion are members of the local lodge of the American Railway union, but they are strangers in the city nevertheless. This morning both were bound over to the circuit court in the sum of $300 each.

Chris. Hess, who was arraigned before Mayor Oakley yesterday afternoon, entered a plea of guilty. He was fined $20 and costs, but immediately took an appeal to Justice Ryan's court. He went to jail under $300 bonds, which he failed to furnish. Last night Chas. McNally and a gang of toughs began raising a disturbance in front of Jewel house. Officer Dixon tackled the whole gang and had two of them when Officer Paul came running up. It took both men to put a quietus on McNally and in the mean time the rest of the gang fled down Brackenridge street. Officer Paul gave chase and fired at the fugitives several times but all got away. This morning McNally was fined heavily and sent to jail. One of his pals, a fellow named Frantz, was picked up on South Calhoun street this morning by Officer Hardendorf and lodged in the station.

This afternoon about 2 o'clock Officer Hardendorf put another feather in his cap by capturing Tim Kelly, one of the gang shot at by Officer Paul on Brackenridge street last night. Kelly was captured at No. 20 Brandriff street and was found to be suffering from a bullet wound in the left leg, no doubt put there by Officer Paul. Kelly was surrounded by a gang of young friends who defied the officers. Patrolman Flickinger was called and Kelly was soon landed at the station. Both he and Frantz will be tried tomorrow morning.

WISCONSIN CENTRAL.

Capitalists Rush to Her Rescue in Time of Financial Distress.

NEW YORK, July 18.—A committee to protect the interests of the stock and bondholders of the Wisconsin Central Railroad company, which has defaulted on its July interest, has been formed, consisting of George Coppell, William L. Bull and Gerald L. Hoyt, of this city; Rowland Hazard, of Rhode Island, and Edwin H. Abbott, of Boston. An agreement, preparatory to the formation of a plan of re-organization, is being drawn up, under which the security holders are asked to deposit their bonds with the committee. The original plan of funding the coupons of the first mortgage bonds has been abandoned. Edwin H. Abbott has resigned, both as president and director of the Wisconsin Central company.

NO STAMPS GIVEN COLLECTORS.

Practical Joker Causing Postoffice Authorities Much Annoyance.

WASHINGTON, July 18.—Somebody has published in a few western papers a dispatch to the effect that the postoffice department had decided to furnish a proof of each of the postage stamps issued by the government to any person applying for the same. This paragraph seems to have touched a responsive chord in the breasts of the public, especially that portion of it interested in stamp collecting, and the applications for the alleged proofs are coming in by every mail. Postmaster General Bissell has been compelled to get up a circular setting forth that the department is not furnishing proofs of stamps to anybody and that there has been no change in the market price of the postage stamps. The item was probably intended as a practical joke, but the department is not appreciating it, and Postmaster General Bissell now declares that he will give a week's salary to know who started the story.

KILLED BY A HORSE.

An Infant's Lifeless Body Found By Its Mother.

HUNTINGTON, W. VA., July 18.—Mrs. S. Truman Miller, who lives two miles south of this city, while picking berries last evening, left her little eight months' old babe lying under the shade of a tree. On returning she found a horse gnawing the little one, and its head was almost mangled to pieces. The poor mother is overcome with grief, and today seems to be losing her mind.

Miss May and Kate Abel left the city yesterday for Benton Harbor, Michigan, to spend the summer.

Frank Kelley has accepted a position in the new department store, The Market.

QUIET AT PRATTS.

One of the Wounded Strikers Dies Today.

The Citizens Organize Into Military Companies and Will Allow No More Outrages.

BIRMINGHAM, Ala., July 18.—All is quiet in the mining district today. It is now known that two more strikers were wounded in Monday's battle at the Pratt mines, one of whom died last night. Seventy five rioters are in jail. Judge Green and Governor Jones have been in conference in reference to holding a special term of the criminal court for the trial of the rioters. The citizens' committee on public safety is in session again today, organizing citizens' military companies to help suppress lawlessness. Two companies, of one hundred men each, have been formed already and application has been made to Governor Jones for arms and ammunition.

BARK ON FIRE.

Destruction of a Boat Near Fire Island.

NEW YORK, July 18.—The American bark, Emma T. Crowell, of Searsport, Me., Captain Pendleton, sailed yesterday for Shanghai laden with case oil. She was towed to sea and landed her pilot on the station boat at the bar shortly before noon. All went well until 6:20 p. m., the vessel then being about twelve miles south of Fire Island. About this time one of the crew noticed smoke issuing from the forward deck. The hatch was immediately battened down and the orders given to lower away the boats and abandon the vessel, which was apparently doomed to destruction. All hands embarked and left the vessel. The White Star steamer, Runic, bound to Liverpool, hove in sight and took all on board. She then put about and steamed for the Scotland light ship, aboard which the Crowell's crew were put. They remained there until morning, when they were brought to this port.

THE MARKETS.

Chicago Market.

CHICAGO, July 17.—Wheat, easy; cash, 54¼c; July, 55c; Sept., 56⅛@56½c; Dec., 59⅞c.

Corn, higher; cash, 43c; July, 43⅞c; Sept. 43½c; Oct., 42c.

Oats, lower; cash and July, 32c; Aug., 27½c; Sept., 27⅞c.

Pork, lower; July, $12.50; Sept., $12.55.

Lard, lower; July, $6.80; Sept., $6.82½.

Ribs, lower; July, $6.60; Sept., $6.52½.

Rye, dull 45@46c, nominal.

Editor Gorman Dead.

OTTAWA, Ont., July 18.—Thos. H. Gorman, editor of the Free Press, and widely known as a contributor to American magazines is dead, aged thirty-eight years.

THE MARKET.

Have opened up their Meat department. You can get the best roasts, best steaks for less money than anywhere in the city. Experienced cutter.

Also the Grocery department is complete.

Fresh Country Eggs, 10c doz.
Fresh Country Butter, 13c lb.
New Potatoes, 20c peck.
New Apples, 15c peck.
New Cabbage, large heads, 5c.
Bananas, 10c per dozen.
Granulated Sugar, 4½c lb.

BAKERY DEPARTMENT.

We are agents for the Brenzinger Bakery, the finest bread in the city, delivered anywhere in the city. 5c and 8c a loaf.

Telephone, 272

F. R. PARDELL, Manager.

Delightfully cool at Pompeii.

Complete sets of "Famous Paintings" can be secured at THE SENTINEL office this week. Don't fail to see them. 18-4t

Pompeii burns tomorrow eve.

Lose no time in securing "Famous Paintings." Coupons for last number run this week. 18-4t

Bankrupt stock of boots and shoes are being closed out at 50 cents on the dollar. All new and stylish goods.

NEW ENGLAND,
34 East Berry street.

Hear Edison's Phonograph Free

At the Pape Furniture Co.'s store. You can hear the phonograph Saturday and Monday, from 1 to 8:30 p. m., by buying a box of Banta's Sweetheart Gum.

Gum not for sale at The Pape, but ask your dealer for it.

Pompeii burns tomorrow eve.

Get back numbers of "Famous Paintings" at THE SENTINEL office this week. 18 4t

Are you looking for bargains in boots and shoes? If so, try the NEW ENGLAND SHOE STORE, 34 East Berry street.

K. of P. Fireworks at Pompeii.

No. 20, the last number of "Famous Paintings," runs this week. Secure back numbers at once. 18 4t

Pompeii Thurs. and Sat.

Beginning on the 19th day of July, 1894, at 10 o'clock, a. m., the undersigned will sell at auction, at No. 41 East Main street, Fort Wayne, Indiana, the entire stock of goods and property lately belonging to M. C. Shelby & Co., and used by them in their confectionary business at No. 96 Calhoun street.
18-4t JOHN MORRIS, JR., Trustee.

Pompeii burns tomorrow eve.

The last week for "Famous Paintings." Get them at THE SENTINEL office at once. 18 4t

Pompeii burns tomorrow eve.

Money to Loan

In sums to suit borrowers. Personal security preferred.

WILL E. CORNSTOCK,
17-3t 22 Court Street.

K. of P. Fireworks at Pompeii.

"Famous Paintings," the finest pictures in all the land. Get them at THE SENTINEL office. Last number runs this week. 18 4t

THE BOSTON STORE.

Our Great Clearing Sale is the Talk of the Town. No Such Bargains Were Ever Offered Before in Dry Goods.

Domestics and Linens.

3½c Towelling reduced from 5c
5c Linen Towelling reduced from 7c
8c Linen Towelling reduced from 10c
17c Red Table Linen reduced from 25c.
25c Red Table Linen reduced from 30c
25c Unbleached Table Linen reduced from 33c.
37½c Unbleached Table Linen reduced from 50c.
Lonsdale Muslin reduced to 6½c.

Wash Dress Goods.

5c Dress Ginghams reduced from 8 1-3c.
All our 10 and 12½c Dress Ginghams reduced to 8 1-3c.
10c Dotted Swisses reduced from 15c.
Best Indigo Blue Print reduced to 4c.
Apron Ginghams reduced to 4c.
All our Best Fancy Dress Prints reduced to 5c.

Everything in our Entire Store is Sold at Cost to reduce Stock.

William Hahn & Co.,

The Boston Store.

Red Seal Boiler Compound

For the removal and prevention of Scale, Grease and Dirt in Steam Heaters and Boilers Manufactured by

The CHERRY CHEMICAL CO.,
Office, REED BUILDING, Philadelphia, Pa.

Agent Wanted for Fort Wayne and Vicinity. Write for Circular.

Wanted.

You to bring your old bicycles to us and we will trade bran new, high grade machines for a small difference. We have on hand a few 1893 $150 machines that we will dispose of in this way.

RANDALL CYCLE CO.,
24f 31 West Berry St.

Now is the time to buy shoes and slippers when you can get them at 50 cents on the dollar.

NEW ENGLAND,
34 East Berry street.

Stanton's Photos are the best.

BUSINESS COLLEGE.

Attend the Fort Wayne Business College. Summer School begins July 2. Full course of study and practice. Arrange to enter now. 3-1m

The Kyle Music Co.,
82 Calhoun Street.

Sheet music played for customers. Everything in music and jewelry.
Cash or easy payments.

DR. J. S. McCURDY

DENTIST,

Removed to

21 WEST BERRY ST.

(Ground Floor.)

In east half of building occupied by Mr. F. J. Barrows' Art Gallery.

Everything used by Amateur Photographers at 44 Calhoun St., second floor.

THE REMINGTON BICYCLE.

J. W. BELL,

11 and 13 Columbia Street.

NEW BOOKS.

"Life of St. Francis of Assisi" by Paul Sabatier.
"A Flower of France" by Marah Ellis Ryan.
"Kerfoots Quality" by Jane Barlow.
"A Daughter of Music" by G. Colmore.

AT LEHMAN BOOK AND NEWS CO.,
81 Calhoun Street.

PAIN'S "LAST DAYS OF

POMPEII"

Remains in Fort Wayne but a few nights longer. Improve at once the opportunity to see it

TO-MORROW, THURSDAY, JULY 19th.

K. P. Night. Large K. P. Badge in Fireworks, Numerous Comicalities, Chinese Umbrellas, 75 foot Wheel, Water Fireworks, etc.

SATURDAY, JULY 21, FARMERS NIGHT.

Fireworks Wheat Sheaves and Acres of Golden Grain, Elephant Agriculturalists, Fire Fish, Pigeons, Comicalities, etc.

Every Night Complete and Grand; New and Brilliant Fireworks Features at each Performance.

LOW RATES and SPECIAL TRAINS ON ALL RAILROADS.

POPULAR PRICES—Tickets on Sale at Lehman's Book and News Co., 81 Calhoun Street.

S. W. HULL

WALL PAPER,

Window Shades, Room Moulding, Artists' Materials, Mixed Paints, Oil, Glass, Varnish Brushes, Etc. House and Sign Painting, Paper Hanging, Calcimining, Glazing, Etc. Do not place your order for Wall Paper before seeing us.

27 CLINTON STREET. 27

DO NOT FORGET INITIALS OR NUMBER.

Bug Killer Fumigators, and Disenfectants.

Hellebore, Insect Powder, Brimstone, London Purple, Paris Green, Chloride of Lime, Slugshot, Sulpher Candles, Camphor, and Coal Tar products. Sticky and Poison Fly Paper.

MEYER BROS. & CO. DRUGGISTS.